



INSTRUCTION MANUAL



LOOK BEFORE YOU PUMP!

Ethanol Percentage

<10% **OK** 15% **NO** 30%–85%

DO NOT USE FUEL CONTAINING
GREATER THAN 10% ETHANOL!
N'UTILISEZ PAS UN CARBURANT DONT LA
TENEUR EN ETHANOL EST SUPERIEURE A 10%!
!NO UTILICE COMBUSTIBLES QUE
CONTENGAN MAS DE 10% DE ETANOL!



If your pressure washer is not working properly or if there are parts missing or broken, please **DO NOT RETURN IT TO THE PLACE OF PURCHASE**. Contact our customer service department at **1-844-375-7577**.

IMPORTANT: Please make certain that the person who is to use this equipment carefully reads and understands these instructions before operating.

SAVE THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

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SAFETY GUIDELINES - DEFINITIONS

This manual contains information that is important for you to know and understand. This information relates to protecting YOUR SAFETY and PREVENTING EQUIPMENT PROBLEMS. To help you recognize this information, we use the symbols below. Please read the manual and pay attention to these symbols.

⚠ DANGER: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will** result in **death or serious injury**.

⚠ WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could** result in **death or serious injury**.

⚠ CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **may** result in **minor or moderate injury**.

NOTICE: Indicates a practice **not related to personal injury** which, if not avoided, **may** result in **property damage**.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

If you loan, rent, or sell this machine, be sure to include all instructional materials with the unit!

⚠ DANGER: Carbon Monoxide. Using an engine indoors can kill you in minutes. Engine/burner exhaust contains high levels of carbon monoxide (CO), a poisonous gas you cannot see or smell. You may be breathing CO even if you do not smell engine exhaust.

- **NEVER** use an engine or oil burner inside homes, garages, crawlspaces or other partly enclosed areas. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can build up in these areas. Using a fan or opening windows and doors does **NOT** supply enough fresh air.
- **ONLY** use outdoors and far away from open windows, doors and vents. These openings can pull in engine exhaust. Never operate the pressure washer in or near a location occupied by humans or animals.
- Even when the engine is used correctly, CO may leak into your home. **ALWAYS** use a battery-powered or battery backup CO alarm in your house. **Read and follow all directions for CO alarm before using.** If you feel sick, dizzy or weak at anytime, move to fresh air immediately. See a doctor. You could have carbon monoxide poisoning.

⚠ WARNING: Do not operate this unit until you read this instruction manual and the engine instruction manual for safety, operation and maintenance instructions. **If you have any questions regarding the product, please contact our customer service department at 1-844-375-7577.**

⚠ DANGER: Risk of injection or severe injury. Keep clear of nozzle. Do not direct discharge stream at persons or live animals. This product is to be used only by trained operators.

⚠ WARNING: This product and its exhaust contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. In addition, some cleaning products and dust contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. **Wash hands after handling.**

⚠ WARNING: This product may not be equipped with a spark-arresting muffler. If the product is not equipped and will be used around flammable materials or on land covered with materials such as agricultural crops, forest, brush, grass or other similar items, then an approved spark arrester must be installed and is legally required in the state of California. It is a violation of California statutes section 130050 and/or sections 4442 and 4443 of the California Public Resources Code, unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in section 4442, and maintained in effective working order. Spark arresters are also required on some U.S. Forest Service land and may also be legally required under other statutes and ordinances.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS



⚠ DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION OR FIRE

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spilled gasoline (diesel, kerosene, approved alternate fuel) and its vapors can become ignited from cigarette sparks, electrical arcing, exhaust gases and hot engine components such as the muffler. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shut off engine and allow it to cool before adding fuel to the tank. During refueling all ignition sources and switches should be in the OFF position. Use care in filling tank to avoid spilling fuel. Move pressure washer away from fueling area before starting engine.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Heat will expand fuel in the tank which could result in spillage and possible fire explosion. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep maximum fuel level 1/2" (12.7 mm) below bottom of filler neck to allow for expansion.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operating the pressure washer in an explosive environment could result in a fire. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operate and fuel equipment in well-ventilated areas free from obstructions. Equip areas with fire extinguisher suitable for gasoline fires.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Materials placed against or near the pressure washer can interfere with its proper ventilation features causing overheating and possible ignition of the materials. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Never operate pressure washer in an area containing dry brush or weeds.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improperly stored fuel could lead to accidental ignition. Fuel improperly secured could get into the hands of children or other unqualified persons. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Store engine and burner fuel in a clean OSHA approved container, in a secure location away from work area. Do not allow debris or moisture to enter container.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spraying of gasoline, kerosene or any kind of flammable solvent with this product could result in serious injury or death. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not spray flammable liquids.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flammable liquids can create fumes which can ignite, causing property damage or serious injury. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operate only where open flame or torch is permitted.



⚠ DANGER: RISK TO BREATHING (ASPHYXIATION)

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breathing exhaust fumes will cause serious injury or death! Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, an odorless and deadly gas. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operate pressure washer in a well-ventilated area. Avoid enclosed areas such as garages, basements, etc. Never operate unit in or near a location occupied by humans or animals. Never connect pressure washer to a TYPE B gas vent.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some cleaning fluids contain substances which could cause injury to skin, eyes or lungs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use only cleaning fluids specifically recommended for high pressure washers. Follow manufacturers recommendations. Do not use chlorine bleach or any other corrosive compound.



⚠ DANGER: RISK OF FLUID INJECTION AND LACERATION

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Your pressure washer operates at fluid pressures and velocities high enough to penetrate human and animal flesh which could result in amputation or other serious injury. Leaks caused by loose fittings or worn or damaged hoses can result in injection injuries. DO NOT TREAT FLUID INJECTION AS A SIMPLE CUT! See a physician immediately! 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inspect the high pressure hose regularly. Replace the hose immediately if it is damaged, worn, has melted from contacting the engine, or shows any signs of cracks, bubbles, pinholes, or other leakage. Never grasp a high pressure hose that is leaking or damaged. Never touch, grasp or attempt to cover a pinhole or similar water leak on the high pressure hose. The stream of water IS under high pressure and WILL penetrate skin. Never place hands in front of nozzle. Direct spray away from self and others. Make sure hose and fittings are tightened and in good condition. Never hold onto the hose or fittings during operation. Do not allow hose to contact muffler. Never attach or remove wand or hose fittings while system is pressurized. When using replacement lances or guns with this pressure washer, DO NOT use a lance and/or lance/gun combination that is shorter in length than what was provided with this pressure washer as measured from the nozzle end of the lance to the gun trigger. Use only accessories rated equal to or higher than the rating of the pressure washer.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Injuries can result if system pressure is not reduced before attempting maintenance or disassembly. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To relieve system pressure, shut off engine, turn off water supply and pull gun trigger until water stops flowing.
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⚠ DANGER: RISK OF INJURY FROM SPRAY

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High-velocity fluid spray can cause objects to break, projecting particles at high speed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Always wear safety glasses. Wear protective clothing to protect against accidental spraying. • Never point wand at or spray people or animals.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light or unsecured objects can become hazardous projectiles. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Always secure trigger lock when wand is not in service to prevent accidental operation. • Never permanently secure trigger in pull-back (open) position.



⚠ DANGER: RISK OF UNSAFE OPERATION

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unsafe operation of your pressure washer could lead to serious injury or death to you or others. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not use chlorine bleach or any other corrosive compound. • Become familiar with the operation and controls of the pressure washer. • Keep operating area clear of all persons, pets and obstacles. • Do not operate the product when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Stay alert at all times. • Never compromise the safety features of this product. • Do not operate machine with missing, broken or unauthorized parts. • Never leave wand unattended while unit is running. • Do not obstruct the burner exhaust. • Do not tamper with the safety pressure relief valve. • Do not tamper with the unloader valve. • Do not modify the pressure washer.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If proper starting procedure is not followed, engine can kickback causing serious hand and arm injury. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If engine does not start after two pulls, squeeze trigger of gun to relieve pump pressure. Pull starter cord slowly until resistance is felt. Then pull cord rapidly to avoid kickback and prevent hand or arm injury.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The spray gun/wand is a powerful cleaning tool that could look like a toy to a child. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep children away from the pressure washer at all times.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reactive force of spray will cause gun/wand to kickback, and could cause the operator to slip or fall or misdirect the spray. Improper control of gun/wand can result in injuries to self and others. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not overreach or stand on an unstable support. Do not use pressure washer while standing on a ladder. Grip gun/wand firmly with both hands. Expect the gun to kickback when triggered.
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⚠ DANGER: RISK OF INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE WHEN TRANSPORTING OR STORING

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel or oil can leak or spill and could result in fire or breathing hazard. Serious injury or death can result. Fuel or oil leaks will damage carpet, paint or other surfaces in vehicles or trailers. Oil could fill the cylinder and damage the engine if the unit is not stored or transported in an upright position. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If pressure washer is equipped with a fuel shut-off valve, turn the valve to the OFF position before transporting to avoid fuel leaks. If pressure washer is not equipped with a fuel shut-off valve, drain the fuel from tank before transporting. Only transport fuel in an OSHA-approved container. Always place pressure washer on a protective mat when transporting to protect against damage to vehicle from leaks. Always transport and store unit in an upright position. Remove pressure washer from vehicle immediately upon arrival at your destination.



⚠ DANGER: RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spray directed at electrical outlets or switches, or objects connected to an electrical circuit, could result in a fatal electrical shock. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unplug any electrically operated product before attempting to clean it. Direct spray away from electric outlets and switches.



⚠ DANGER: RISK OF CHEMICAL BURN

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use of acids, toxic or corrosive chemicals, poisons, insecticides, or any kind of flammable solvent with this product could result in serious injury or death. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not spray acids, gasoline, kerosene, or any other flammable materials with this product. Use only household detergents, cleaners and degreasers recommended for use with pressure washers. Wear protective clothing to protect eyes and skin from contact with sprayed materials.



⚠ WARNING: RISK OF BURSTING

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High-velocity fluid spray directed at pneumatic tire sidewalls (such as found on automobiles, trailers and the like) could damage the sidewall resulting in serious injury. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> On pressure washers rated above 1600 psi (11032 kPa) use the widest fan spray (40° nozzle) and keep the spray a minimum of 8" (20 cm) from the pneumatic tire sidewall. Do not aim spray directly at the joint between the tire and rim.



⚠ WARNING: RISK OF HOT SURFACES

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact with hot surfaces, such as engine exhaust components, could result in serious burn. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> During operation, touch only the control surfaces of the pressure washer. Keep children away from the pressure washer at all times. They may not be able to recognize the hazards of this product.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact with spray will result in serious burn. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT touch spray, ALWAYS direct spray away from self and others.

⚠ WARNING: RISK OF INJURY FROM LIFTING

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Serious injury can result from attempting to lift too heavy an object. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The pressure washer is too heavy to be lifted by one person. Obtain assistance from others before lifting.

NOTICE: RISK OF PROPERTY DAMAGE

WHAT CAN HAPPEN	HOW TO PREVENT IT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Muffler and burner exhaust heat can damage painted surfaces, melt any material sensitive to heat (such as siding, plastic, rubber, vinyl or the pressure hose, itself), and damage live plants. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Always keep pressure washer a minimum of 4' (1.2 m) away from surfaces (such as houses, automobiles or live plants) that could be damaged from muffler exhaust heat.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE USE

GET TO KNOW THE PRESSURE WASHER

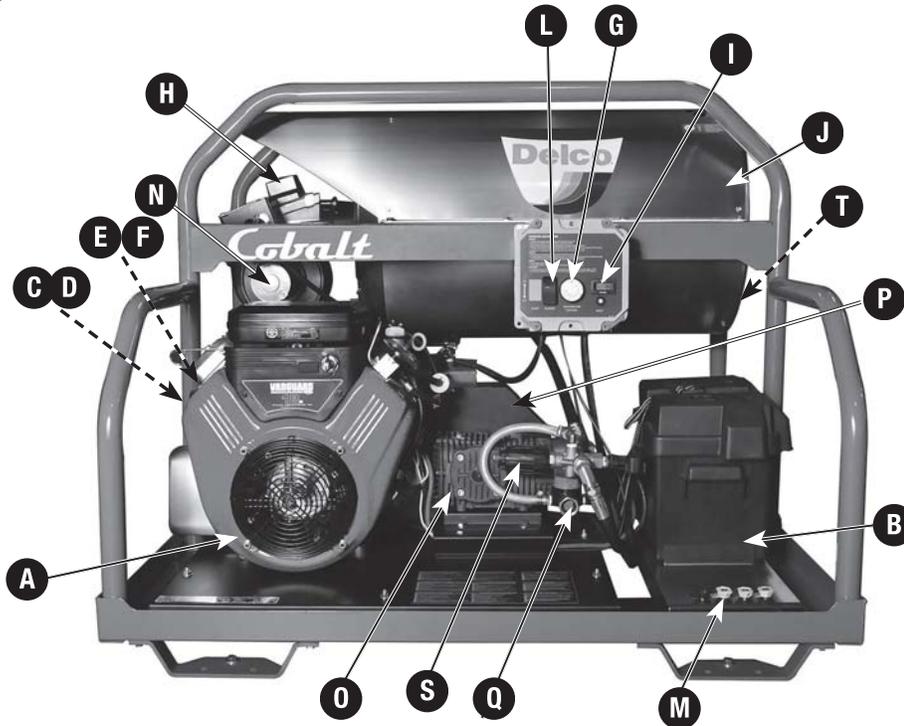
NOTE: Photographs and line drawings used in this manual are for reference only and do not represent a specific model.

Compare the illustrations with your unit to familiarize yourself with the location of various controls and adjustments. Save this manual for future reference.

BASIC ELEMENTS OF A PRESSURE WASHER

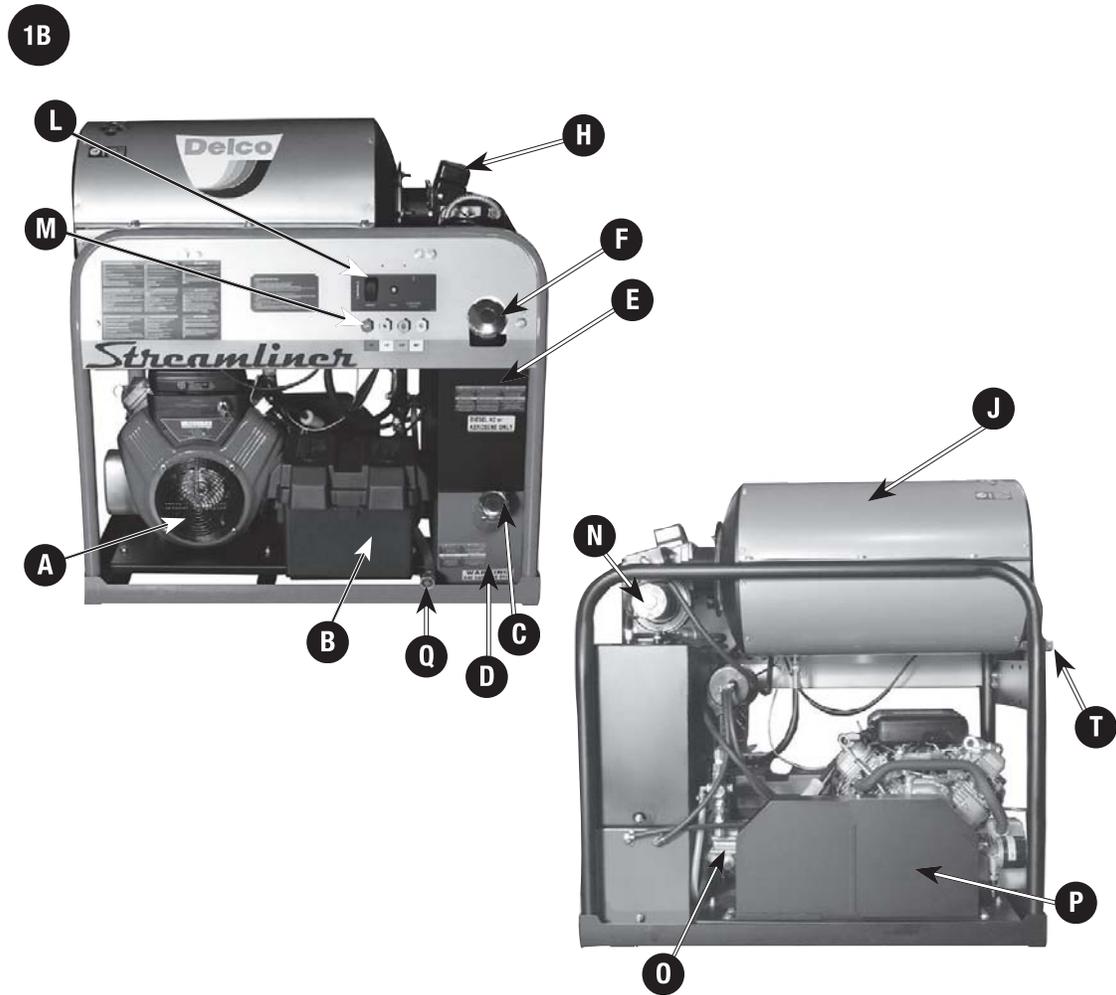
COBALT (FIG. 1A)

1A



- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>A. Engine: Refer to the Engine Owner's Manual for location and operation of engine controls.</p> <p>B. 12 V DC battery box</p> <p>C. Engine fuel fill (not shown)</p> <p>D. Engine fuel tank</p> <p>E. Burner fuel tank (not shown)</p> <p>F. Burner fuel tank fill (not shown)</p> | <p>G. Temperature control</p> <p>H. Burner System</p> <p>I. Hour meter</p> <p>J. Insulated heater coil</p> <p>L. Burner On/Off switch</p> <p>M. Quick-connect nozzles (0°, 15°, 25°, 40°, black)</p> <p>N. EVAP canister</p> <p>O. High-pressure pump</p> <p>P. Belt guard</p> | <p>Q. Pump water inlet</p> <p>R. Chemical siphon hose (not shown)</p> <p>S. Unloader</p> <p>T. High-pressure hot water outlet (not shown)</p> <p>Fig. 1E</p> <p>U. High pressure hose</p> <p>V. Spray gun</p> <p>W. High pressure spray wand</p> |
|---|---|--|

STREAMLINER (FIG. 1B)

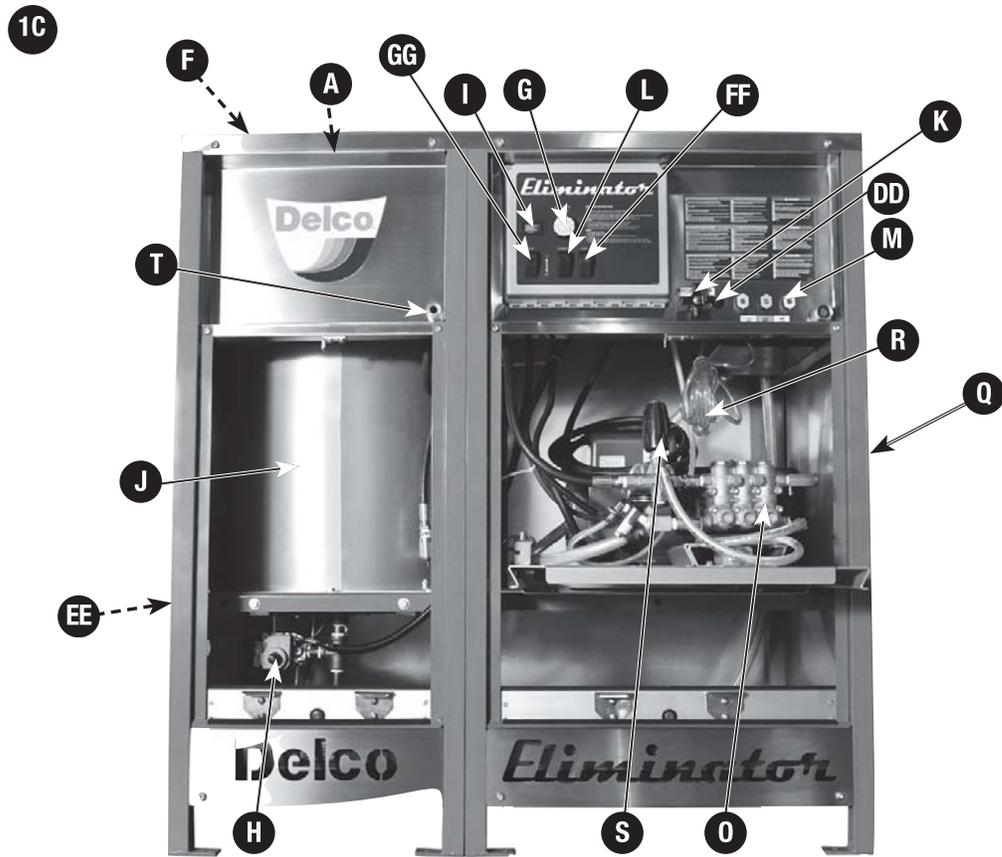


- A. Engine:** Refer to the **Engine Owner's Manual** for location and operation of engine controls.
- B. 12 V DC battery box**
- C. Engine fuel fill**
- D. Engine fuel tank**
- E. Burner fuel tank**
- F. Burner fuel tank fill**
- G. Temperature control (optional, not shown)**
- H. Burner System**
- I. Hour meter (optional, not shown)**

- J. Insulated heater coil**
- L. Burner On/Off switch**
- M. Quick-connect nozzles (0°, 15°, 25°, 40°, black)**
- N. EVAP canister**
- O. High-pressure pump**
- P. Belt guard**
- Q. Pump water inlet**
- R. Chemical siphon hose (not shown)**
- S. Unloader (not shown)**
- T. High-pressure hot water outlet**

- Fig. 1E**
- U. High pressure hose**
 - V. Spray gun**
 - W. High pressure spray wand**

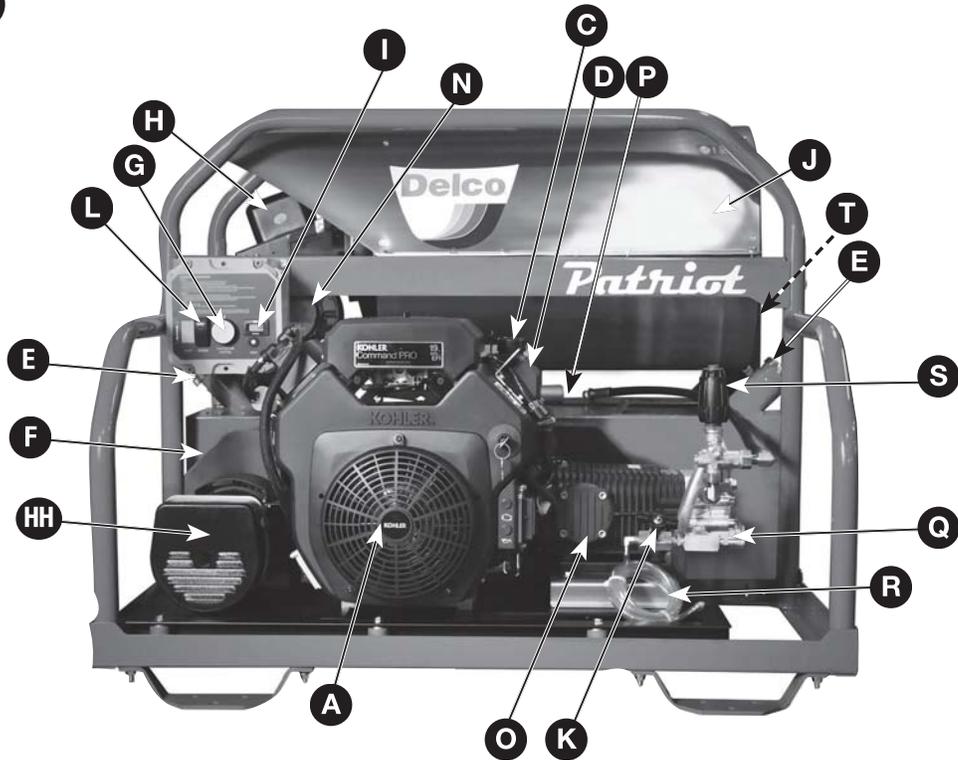
ELIMINATOR (FIG. 1C)



- | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| A. Motor (not shown) | R. Chemical siphon hose | V. Spray gun |
| G. Temperature control | S. Unloader | W. High pressure spray wand |
| H. Burner System | T. High-pressure hot water outlet | |
| I. Hour meter | DD. Soap control valve | |
| J. Insulated heater coil | EE. Propane/natural gas hook-up (not shown) | |
| K. Soap control valve | FF. Soap On/Off Switch | |
| L. Burner On/Off switch | GG. Pump On/Off Switch | |
| M. Quick-connect nozzles (15°, 25°, 40°, black) | Fig. 1E | |
| O. High-pressure pump | U. High pressure hose | |
| Q. Pump water inlet | | |

PATRIOT (FIG. 1D)

1D



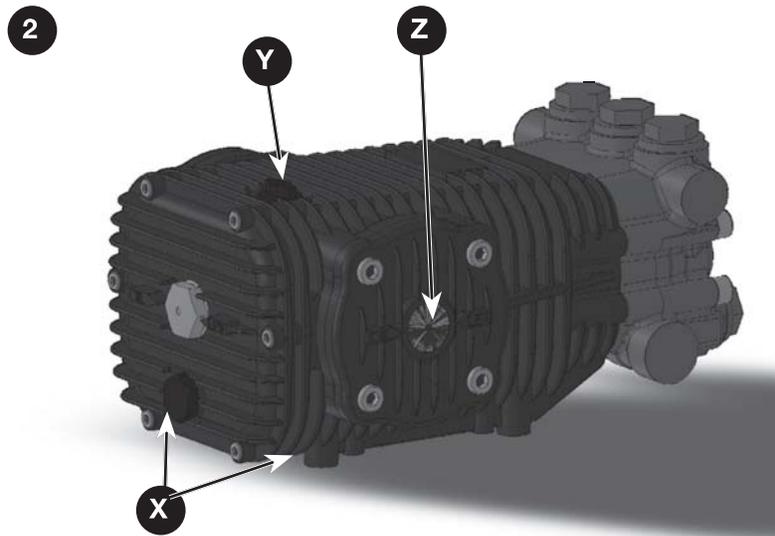
- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <p>A. Engine: Refer to the Engine Owner's Manual for location and operation of engine controls.</p> <p>B. 12 V DC battery box (not shown)</p> <p>C. Engine fuel fill</p> <p>D. Engine fuel tank</p> <p>E. Burner fuel tank</p> <p>F. Burner fuel tank fill</p> <p>G. Temperature control</p> <p>H. Burner System</p> | <p>I. Hour meter</p> <p>J. Insulated heater coil</p> <p>K. Soap injector</p> <p>L. Burner On/Off switch</p> <p>M. Quick-connect nozzles (0°, 15°, 25°, 40°, black) (not shown)</p> <p>N. EVAP canister</p> <p>O. High-pressure pump</p> <p>P. Belt guard</p> | <p>Q. Pump water inlet</p> <p>R. Chemical siphon hose</p> <p>S. Unloader</p> <p>T. High-pressure hot water outlet (not shown)</p> <p>HH. Generator</p> <p>Fig. 1E</p> <p>U. High pressure hose</p> <p>V. Spray gun</p> <p>W. High pressure spray wand</p> |
|---|--|--|

1E



BASIC ELEMENTS OF A PUMP (FIG. 2)

NOTICE: The high-pressure pump was filled with oil at the factory. Always check oil level before using (refer to **Maintenance** for more information).



X. Oil drain plug

Y. Oil fill plug

Z. Sight glass

BASIC ELEMENTS OF AN ENGINE

Refer to the **Engine Owner's Manual** for location and operation of engine controls.

NOTICE: The engine is shipped without oil. Before starting engine, add the oil provided. Damage to the engine will occur if the engine is run without oil, this damage will not be covered under warranty.

PRESSURE WASHER TERMINOLOGY

PSI: Pounds per Square Inch. The unit of measure for water pressure. Also used for air pressure, hydraulic pressure, etc. Operating at pressures exceeding the maximum rating could result in damage to the unit and/or severe personal injury.

GPM: Gallons per Minute. The unit of measure for the flow rate of water.

CU: Cleaning Units. GPM multiplied by PSI equals CU.

Pressure Wand Assembly: This refers to the gun, wand and nozzle.

Pump: The pump moves the water through the system and delivers it to the pressure wand assembly. The nozzle creates the pressure.

Bypass Mode: Allows water to re-circulate within the pump when the gun trigger is not pulled. This feature allows the operator to release the trigger gun and reposition themselves without having to turn the engine off in between cleaning actions.

NOTICE: Allowing the unit to run for more than two minutes without the gun trigger being pulled could cause overheating and damage to the pump. Do not let the pressure washer run for more than two minutes in Bypass Mode. Turn off the engine and relieve the pressure in the gun during these extended situations.

Thermal Relief Valve: When the temperature inside the pump rises too high, this valve will open and release a gush of water in an effort to lower the temperature inside the pump. The valve will then close.

Pressure Relief Valve: The water heater coils are designed to operate safely at normal working pressure. The safety pressure relief valve prevents over pressurization of the high pressure system. Do not modify the pressure relief valve in anyway.

High Pressure Pump Oil: The preferred oil is SIMPSON® Premium Pump Crankcase Oil. If this oil is not available, an SAE 15W-40 oil may be used. Change the pump oil after the first 50 hours of operation and every 100 hours thereafter, or every 3 months.

Gasoline Engine Oil (Colbalt, Steamliner, Patriot): Check engine oil level before each use. Refer to the **Engine Owner's Manual** for correct procedure.

12V DC Battery (Colbalt, Steamliner, Patriot): The 12V DC battery operates the engine's electrical start system, after the engine is started the system will charge the battery and operate the burner. The 12V battery will need to be replaced regularly to ensure consistent performance. Recommended battery size: Colbalt, Streamliner use Group 24 battery /Patriot use U 1 battery.

Burner Assembly: A device used to change fuel to heat energy. It is used to heat the water in the coil assembly and is designed to use a NO. #2 diesel fuel.

BTU (British Thermal Unit): The amount of work or energy it takes to raise the temperature of one pound of water by one degree Fahrenheit.

Temperature Control: The burner system is equipped with an adjustable temperature control. See **Specification Insert** for maximum temperature for each unit. Do not set thermostat above 195°F. The burner will shut off if insufficient water flow through the burner's heater coil causes the outlet water temperature to be excessive.

Back Flow Preventer: Prevents backflow into a potable water system.

⚠ WARNING: To reduce the possibility of contamination always protect against backflow when connected to a potable water system

Pressure Switch: A switch which uses a pressure activated plunger to activate a microswitch, used to control the fuel solenoid in the burner system.

Flow Switch: A switch which responds to changes in water flow, water flow moves a magnet which activates a reed or microswitch to control voltage to the fuel solenoid in the burner system.

Chemical Injection System: Mixes cleaners or cleaning solvents with the water to improve cleaning effectiveness.

High Pressure Hose: Only use a wire braid hose rated for the output pressure and temperature of the high pressure pump. See **Specification Insert** for the maximum temperature. Additional hose lengths can be added with quick twist couplers with a minimal loss in pressure of about .5 PSI per foot. Always inspect hoses for wear and replace if necessary. Avoid kinking or running over the hose to extend the hose life.

Hour meter (if equipped): The analog hour meter operates whenever the engine is running and keeps track of how many hours the unit has been used.

Water Supply: The minimum requirements for a water supply are 20 psi at twice the stated water volume for the machine. If your water source is a well, the garden hose length can only be 30 ft. (9 m) maximum.

EVAP canister (Colbalt, Steamliner, Patriot): Collects fuel vapors and later purges them so they burn in the combustion process.

Water column (Eliminator): Is a measurement using a water column manometer to measure the NG or LP gas operating pressure in units of water column inches.

GET TO KNOW THE PRESSURE WASHER OPERATING FEATURES

IMPORTANT: Become familiar with these features before operating this pressure washer.

PRESSURE ADJUSTMENTS

The pressure setting is preset at the factory to achieve optimum pressure and cleaning. If you need to lower the pressure, it can be accomplished by these methods.

- 1. Back away from the surface to be cleaned.** The further away you are, the less the pressure will be on the surface to be cleaned.
- 2. This pressure washer is equipped with an additional feature that allows the pressure setting to be adjusted.**
 - a. To lower the pressure, turn the unloader control knob (S) (located under the hot water tank) counterclockwise to the desired pressure.**
 - b. To return the pump pressure to the factory setting, turn the unloader control knob (S) (located under the hot water tank) clockwise until it stops.**

NOTICE: DO NOT overtighten the pressure control knob, if overtightened the knob COULD break and result in immediate loss of water pressure and costly repairs to the unit.

HOW TO USE SPRAY WAND

The nozzles for the spray wand are stored in the nozzle holder on the panel assembly. Colors on the panel identify nozzle location and spray pattern. Refer to the following chart to choose the correct nozzle for the job to be performed.

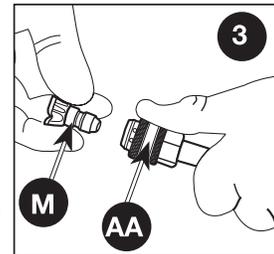
CHANGING NOZZLES ON SPRAY WAND (FIG. 3)

⚠ DANGER: Risk of fluid injection. Do not direct discharge stream toward persons, unprotected skin, eyes or any pets or animals. Serious injury will occur.

⚠ WARNING: Flying objects could cause risk of serious injury. Do not attempt to change nozzles while pressure washer is running. Turn engine off before changing nozzles.

1. Pull quick-connect coupler (AA) back and insert nozzle (M).
2. Release quick-connect coupler and twist nozzle to make sure it is secure in coupler.

⚠ WARNING: Flying object could cause risk of serious injury. Ensure nozzle is completely inserted in quick-connect socket and quick-connect collar is fully engaged (forward) before squeezing gun trigger.



NOZZLE COLOR	SPRAY PATTERN	USES	SURFACES*
Red (Colbalt, Steamliner, Patriot)	0° 	powerful pinpoint for spot cleaning of hard, unpainted surfaces or for high reach areas	unpainted metal or concrete; DO NOT use on wood
Yellow	15° 	intense cleaning of unpainted hard surfaces	grills, driveways, concrete or brick walkways, unpainted brick or stucco
Green	25° 	standard cleaning nozzle for most applications	yard tools, sidewalks, lawn furniture, unpainted siding, stucco, gutters and eaves, concrete, brick surfaces
White	40° 	cleaning of painted or delicate surfaces	auto/RV, marine, wood, painted brick and stucco, vinyl, painted siding
Black	low pressure 	applies cleaning solutions	Low pressure spray is safe on all surfaces. Always verify compatibility of cleaning solution prior to use.

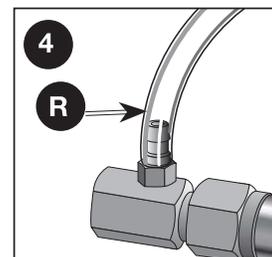
***NOTICE:** The high pressure spray from your pressure washer is capable of causing damage to surfaces such as wood, glass, automobile paint, auto striping and trim, and delicate objects such as flowers and shrubs. Before spraying, check the item to be cleaned to assure yourself that it is strong enough to resist damage from the force of the spray.

HOW TO APPLY CHEMICALS/CLEANING SOLVENTS (FIG. 1, 4)

Applying chemicals or cleaning solvents is a low pressure operation. **NOTE:** Use only soaps and chemicals designed for pressure washer use. **Do not use bleach.**

To Apply Chemicals:

1. Ensure chemical siphon hose (R, Figure 4) is attached to barbed fitting location near high pressure hose connection of pump as shown.
2. Place the end of chemical siphon hose with filter on it into container holding chemical/cleaning solution.
3. Install low pressure (black) nozzle into quick connect fitting of spray wand, see **How To Use Spray Wand** paragraph in this section.
4. **If equipped:** Some units have a soap control valve (K). Turn the valve counterclockwise to increase the soap output and clockwise to decrease the soap output.



- After use of chemicals, place chemical siphon hose into container of clean water and draw clean water through chemical injection system to rinse system thoroughly. If chemicals remain in the pump, it could be damaged. Pumps damaged due to chemical residue will not be covered under warranty.

INSTALL AND PREPARE THE ELIMINATOR FOR OPERATION

NOTE: Following delivery of your Delco Eliminator pressure washer, inspect the unit for any shipping damage.

INSTALLATION

- Installation of your Delco Eliminator pressure washer must only be performed by qualified personnel.
- Do not install the machine in small confined areas, near exhaust fans or in a wash bay where the unit could be subjected to overspray and cleaning chemicals. Install only in well ventilated areas where adequate flow of air is available. Adequate oxygen is needed for combustion or dangerous carbon monoxide will result. Stationary units should be installed in accordance with local plumbing, HVAC and electrical codes.
- In all installations, this machine must be vented to the outside with a draft diverter and rain protection.
- This machine is designed to be installed indoors and must be protected from direct spray or overspray of water.

⚠ WARNING: Adequate oxygen is needed for proper combustion or dangerous carbon monoxide can result.

NATURAL/PROPANE GAS FIRED UNITS

A gas shut-off valve should be installed on the gas line, with a union between the shut-off and the unit. Also a sediment trap should be installed after the shut-off valve. Natural gas units operate on 3½" of water column pressure at the gas valve, and it must have from 7" to 8" water column pressure supplied to the unit at the inlet. The water column check points are as follows: Check the 3½" water column pressure from the plug on gas valve with the burner operating. The water column pressure is checked with a manometer.

Standard propane gas fired units operate on 11" (279.4 mm) water column. Use a gas Manometer when checking gas pressure or when making adjustments to the regulator. Do not use less than 1/2" I.D. hose or pipe in making the gas connection. For top efficiency, a 100 lb. or larger gas bottle should be used.

Minimum gas line iron pipe size required for gas supply per length of gas line from the meter (Natural Gas). (Based on a pressure drop of 0.3" water column pressure and 0.6" specific gravity.)

NOTE: Do not use flexible gas lines. Check total BTU consumption of facility to be assured of proper gas supply to operate pressure washer.

Gas Line Pipe Size (Length and Diameter)													
Pipe Length (ft.)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	150	175	200
Pipe Diameter (in.)	3/4	1	1	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/2	1-1/2	1-1/2

STACKING THE UNIT

If the pressure washer is used in an enclosed area be sure there is plenty of ventilation. Be sure the vent is at minimum the same size as the stack on the pressure washer. Poor draft will cause the unit to soot and not operate efficiently.

When placing the unit for installation, keep in mind that the unit should be positioned in such a manner that the stack will be as straight as possible and protrude through the roof of the building at a proper location and at sufficient height to eliminate downdraft. Follow local code for installation.

A natural gas fired unit **MUST** have a draft diverter and proper rain protection on the vent pipe.

⚠ DANGER: All gas burner equipped pressure washers should be installed and serviced in accordance with the requirements of your local gas company and all applicable state laws or local ordinances.

WATER SUPPLY

1. Connect the machine to the water supply with 3/4" (19.0 mm) water hose and 3/4" (19.0 mm) connections.
2. Insure that the water supply is capable of supplying sufficient water flow volume.
NOTE: The minimum requirements for a water supply are 20 psi at twice the stated water volume for the machine. If your water source is a well, the garden hose length can only be 30 ft. (9 m) maximum.

⚠ CAUTION: Insufficient water flow can cause pump damage and failure.

GAS SUPPLY

1. Insure that the control knob on the gas valve is in the OFF position.
2. Installation of gas service to this machine is to be made with a minimum 1" (25.4 mm) plumbing or larger. Refer to **Gas Line Pipe Size (Length and Diameter)** chart.

ELECTRICAL

⚠ CAUTION: This machine must be electrically grounded.

Connect only to adequate power supply panel with proper voltage requirements and adequate amperage supply. Power should be protected by fuses or circuit breakers and GFCI protection.

INSTALLATION CHECKOUT

BEFORE STARTING

1. Connect high pressure spray wand (W) to gun (V). Tighten securely. Remove pressure nozzle. Refer to **Spray Wand Nozzles** for correct procedure.
2. Connect the water supply hose to the water inlet. Turn the water on and allow the water float tank to fill. **NOTE:** The minimum requirements for a water supply are 20 psi at twice the stated water volume for the machine. If your water source is a well, the garden hose length can only be 30 ft. (9 m) maximum.
3. Make sure the control switch is in the OFF position and then connect to the power source.

⚠ WARNING: For your safety, if you smell gas: (A) turn off gas at line valve or meter, (B) open windows, (C) do not touch electrical switches, (D) extinguish all open flames, (E) immediately call your gas supplier.

PILOT LIGHTING PROCEDURE

1. Turn control knob on the gas valve to the ON position.
2. When the trigger is pulled water will begin to flow through the pump. In a couple of seconds the pilot valve opens and simultaneously the spark starts.
 - a. This operation will continue for 15 seconds or until the pilot ignites. If the pilot fails to light in 60 seconds, the ignition system locks out and the power must be turned off to reset the ignition system.
 - b. The pilot is ignited, the electronic flame sensing proves the ignition source and turns on the second valve allowing main gas to flow. (If pilot ignition does not occur within 60 seconds, the system will lock-out and turn off power to gas circuit.)
 - c. The proved pilot ignites the main burner. (Pilot operation continues until burner is shut off.)
 - d. The spark continues several seconds after the burner is lit to provide stable ignition.

TEST FOR GAS LEAKS

⚠ WARNING: DO NOT OMIT THIS TEST. With the main burner in operation, paint the pipe joints, pilot gas tubing connections, and valve gasket lines with rich soap and water solution or gas leak detection spray. Bubbles indicate gas leakage. To stop leak, tighten the joints and screws or replace the gasket. Failure to do this test procedure could cause serious injury.

Manual Shut Down of Burner

Complete shutdown can be accomplished by turning the control knob on the gas valve to the OFF position.

INSTALLATION AND SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

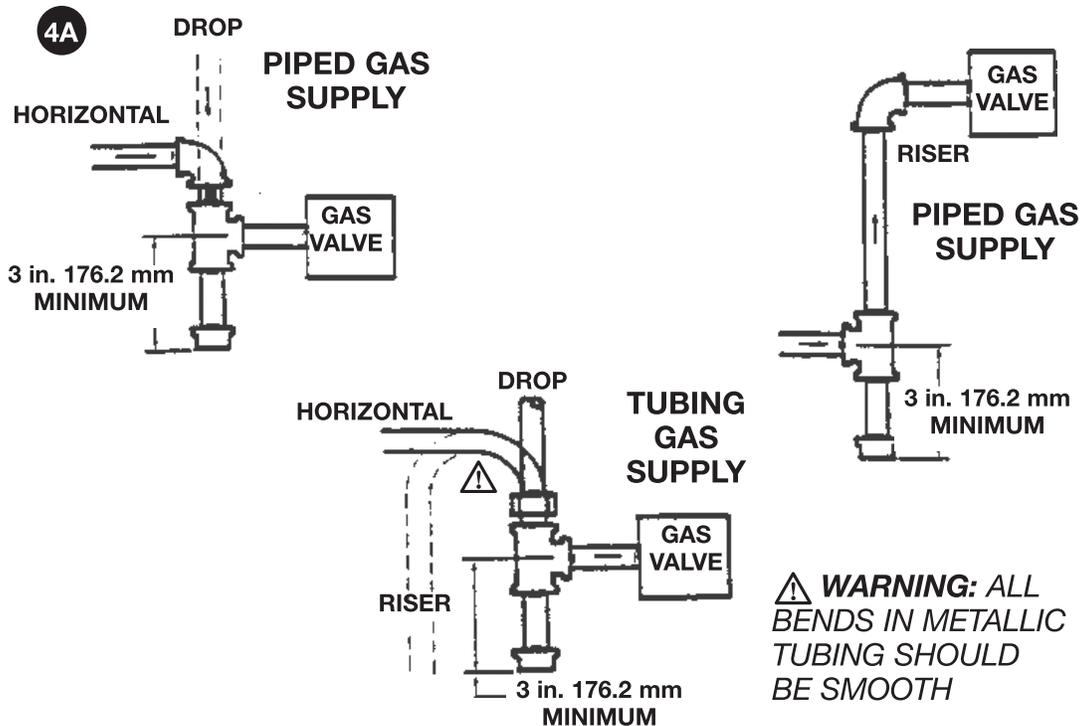
⚠ WARNING: To avoid possible injury, fire, and explosion, please read and follow these precautions and all instructions on this machine. Maintenance and repairs performed by unauthorized personnel could result in damage or injury. Servicing of this unit must always be referred to an authorized Delco service center. Repairs, adjustments, and servicing should be limited to the operations listed below.

1. Installation and servicing of gas appliances and ignition systems must only be performed by qualified personnel.
2. Turn off gas and electricity before starting installation or service. Turn back on after completion.
3. Caution must be taken to ensure that no raw gas is present in the surrounding area before attempting to put the machine into operation.

⚠ WARNING: For your safety, if you smell gas: (A) turn off gas at line valve or meter, (B) open windows, (C) do not touch electrical switches, (D) extinguish all open flames, (E) immediately call your gas supplier.

4. When using LP gas, the Control must be equipped with a regulator. Make sure that no gas is present in the area before putting machine in operation. LP gas is heavier than air. Sniff at floor level for presence of gas. If present do not attempt to start the machine, follow instructions in warning above. When changing from natural gas to LP, or LP to Natural Gas using a convertible control, the burner orifice and pilot orifice must also be changed.
5. Make certain that the pilot orifice being used is the correct size for the gas used.

6. To install or remove control, use a special body wrench on inlet boss. Do not grip body with pipe wrench or vise.
7. Insert only correct size pipe or tubing into inlet or outlets of control. Insertion of any other objects can cause internal damage resulting in a hazardous condition.
8. Make sure gas piping is pressure tested before control is connected. High pressure can damage control causing a hazardous condition. Do not subject control to more than 1/2 psi, [14" (356 mm) water column] inlet pressure.
9. Use only new, unused, and correct model controls as replacements. Do not reuse old controls.
10. Make sure piping is clean and free from burrs. Apply a small amount of good quality pipe thread compound suitable for the gas being used. Thread compound should be used sparingly on male threads only, leaving the first two threads clean.
NOTE: Blow lines out with compressed air to remove all dirt or debris.
11. A drip leg (dirt trap) must be installed, after the shut-off valve, in the gas supply line to the control. See Figure 4A. All piping must conform to local codes and ordinances and with National Gas code (ANSI Z223.1 and NFPA No. 54).
12. After installation has been completed, leak test all gas connections with soap solution with the main burner on. Bubbles indicate leaks that must be corrected.
13. If control has been exposed to water in any way, it must be replaced.
14. Keep combustible material away from gas machine. Keep burner area clean and free of dust and lint. Follow local codes.
15. If gas valve fails to shut off, do not turn off electrical power. Turn off gas supply allowing the pump to continue running until system has cooled. Turn off electrical power and replace control.



16. The manual valve should not be used to adjust gas flow.

17. All components must be securely mounted with screws, bolts, etc., within the machine.
18. If machine is located in a freeze area it must be protected.
 - a. Install anti freeze into machine through the soap metering valve by placing the soap line in a container of anti freeze solution.
 - b. Turn machine switch to ON position and open trigger gun to begin flow.
 - c. Allow to flow until antifreeze is seen in discharge.
 - d. Turn off valve and close trigger gun to allow antifreeze to go into bypass line.
 - e. Shut off machine.
19. Store the machine in a dry building.

⚠ WARNING: To avoid possible injury, fire and explosion, please read and follow these precautions and all instructions on this machine before lighting the pilot. This machine uses LP (Propane) gas which is heavier than air and will remain at floor level if there is a leak. Before lighting, sniff at floor level. If you smell gas, follow these rules:

IMPORTANT:

- Do not short gas valve terminals. This may burn out the controls.
- Make certain all wiring connections are tight. The spark ignitor and electrode connection to the ignition control must be tight, or damage to the unit may result.
- The ignition control and pilot burner must both be chassis grounded.
- Handle the pilot-electrode assembly carefully. If damaged, replace entire assembly. The correct spark gap should be 7/64" to 1/8".
- The pilots must be securely mounted relative to the main burner in such a position that main burner ignition will occur with minimum delay with a low pilot flame just sufficient to open the main gas valve.
- If the pilot fails to light when the control circuits are closed it may require manual resetting. Always wait at least 5 minutes before resetting the system. To reset turn the main switch to pump #1/only, then back to burner #2. Repeat if needed.

INOTE: The Eliminator is now ready to operate. Refer to the *Operation* Section for correct procedure.

⚠ WARNING: Do not operate this unit until you read this instruction manual for safety, operation and maintenance instructions.

OPERATION

STARTING

⚠ WARNING: Do not operate this unit until you read this instruction manual and the engine (if equipped) instruction manual for safety, operation and maintenance instructions.

⚠ DANGER: Risk of fluid injection and laceration. When using the high pressure setting, DO NOT allow the high pressure spray to come in contact with unprotected skin, eyes, or with any pets or animals. Serious injury will occur.

- Your washer operates at fluid pressures and velocities high enough to penetrate human and animal flesh, which could result in amputation or other serious injury. Leaks caused by loose fittings or worn or damaged hoses can result in injection injuries. **DO NOT TREAT FLUID INJECTION AS A SIMPLE CUT!** See a physician immediately!

⚠ DANGER: Carbon Monoxide. Using an engine indoors can kill you in minutes. Engine exhaust contains high levels of carbon monoxide (CO), a poisonous gas you cannot see or smell. You may be breathing CO even if you do not smell engine exhaust.

- Breathing exhaust fumes will cause serious injury or death! Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, an odorless and deadly gas.
- Operate pressure washer in a well-ventilated area. Avoid enclosed areas such as garages, basements, etc.
- Never operate unit in or near a location occupied by humans or animals.

⚠ WARNING: For your safety, if you smell gas: (A) turn off gas at line valve or meter, (B) open windows, (C) do not touch electrical switches, (D) extinguish all open flames, (E) immediately call your gas supplier.

⚠ WARNING: Risk of Fire, Asphyxiation and Burn. Never fill fuel tank when engine is running or hot. Do not smoke when filling fuel tank.

- Never fill fuel tank completely. Fill tank to 1/2" (12.7 mm) below bottom of filler neck to provide space for fuel expansion. Wipe any fuel spillage from engine and equipment before starting engine.
- DO NOT let hoses come in contact with very hot engine muffler during or immediately after use of your pressure washer. Damage to hoses from contact with hot engine surfaces will NOT be covered by warranty.

NOTICE: Risk of property damage. Never pull water supply hose to move pressure washer. This could damage hose and/or pump inlet.

- DO NOT use hot water, use cold water only.
- Never turn water supply off while pressure washer engine is running or damage to pump will result.
- DO NOT stop spraying water for more than two minutes at a time. Pump operates in bypass mode when spray gun trigger is not pressed. If pump is left in bypass mode for more than two minutes internal components of the pump can be damaged.

If you do not understand these precautions, please contact our customer service department at 1-844-375-7577.

Before Each Start Up (FIG. 1, 5, 6)

1. **Gasoline or Diesel Driven:** In a well-ventilated outdoor area, add fresh, high-quality, unleaded gasoline with a pump octane rating of 86 or higher. Do not overfill. Wipe up spilled fuel before starting the engine. Refer to **Engine Owner's Manual** for correct procedure.



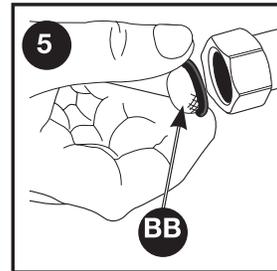
NOTICE: Use of fuels with greater than 10% ethanol are not approved for use in this product per EPA regulations and will damage the unit and void the warranty.

Natural Gas/Propane Units: Make sure the pressure washer has been properly installed as outlined in **Prepare the Eliminator for Operation**. **DO NOT** operate this pressure washer until it is properly installed and all **Installation Checkout** steps have been preformed.

2. **Gasoline or Diesel Driven:** Check engine oil level. Refer to the **Engine Owner's Manual** for correct procedure.
3. Check pump oil level. The oil level should come to the dot in the middle of the sight glass (Z, Fig 2).
4. **Diesel Burner:** In a well-ventilated outdoor area, add fresh, high-quality #2 diesel fuel to the burner fuel tank fill. Refer to the **Specification Insert** for the correct fuel to be used in the burner.
5. Visually inspect all electrical components, hoses, nozzles and guns to assure they are in good condition. If replacements are necessary they must be rated to withstand the machines operating pressure and temperatures. See **Specification**.
6. Connect the water hose to the cold water source. Turn the water source on to remove all air from the hose. When a steady stream of water is present, turn the water source off. **NOTE:** Use a 5/8" (15.9 mm) or 3/4" (19.0 mm) good quality water hose of minimal length. **NOTE:** Water source pressure must be 20–60 psi to ensure proper operation.

⚠WARNING: To reduce the possibility of contamination always protect against backflow when connected to a potable water system.

7. Verify the filter screen (BB) is in the water inlet on the machine. **NOTE:** Convex side faces out. Connect the cold water source to pump inlet (Q). **NOTE:** Failure to use machine without inlet screen filter installed may void warranty.



8. Connect high pressure spray wand (W) to gun (V). Tighten securely. Refer to **Spray Wand Nozzles** to select the correct quick connect nozzle for the task being performed.
9. Attach high pressure hose (U) to high pressure spray gun (W). Connect the other end of the high-pressure hose to high-pressure hot water outlet on the machine.
10. If applying a chemical or cleaning solution, refer to **Chemicals and Cleaning Solvents**.
11. Turn the water source on. Remove all air from the pump and high pressure hose by depressing trigger until a steady stream of water is present.

NOTICE: Risk of property damage. Failure to do so could cause damage to the pump.

12. Make sure ALL controls are in the OFF position.
13. Start engine/motor.

Gasoline or Diesel Driven: Refer to the **engine instruction manual** for correct procedure. **IMPORTANT:** Prior to starting, refer to your engine manual for proper starting procedure.

⚠WARNING: Risk of unsafe operation. If engine does not start after two pulls, squeeze trigger of gun to relieve pump pressure. Pull starter cord slowly until resistance is felt. Then pull cord rapidly to avoid kickback and prevent hand or arm injury.

NOTE: If the oil level in the engine is low, the engine will not start. If the engine does not start, check the oil level and add oil as needed.

Natural Gas/Propane Units: Verify the control knob on the gas valve to the ON position.

14. If hot water cleaning is desired

- a. Release the trigger on the gun and place the burner On/Off switch (L) in the ON position.
- b. (if equipped) Turn the temperature control (G) to the desired water temperature. See **Specification Insert** for Maximum pressure for the unit.

⚠ WARNING: Risk of burns. The surfaces around the burner exhaust and the discharged exhaust are very hot. Keep away from this area. DO NOT allow hoses to come in contact with the very hot burner exhaust area.

⚠ WARNING: Burner will shut off when the trigger is released. DO NOT use the pressure washer if the burner fails to shut off when the trigger is released.

15. Depress trigger on gun to start water flow and the burner.

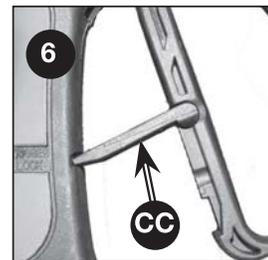
⚠ WARNING: Risk of unsafe operation. Stand on a stable surface and grip gun/wand firmly with both hands. Expect the gun to kickback when triggered.

NOTICE: Allowing the unit to run for more than two minutes without the gun trigger being pulled could cause overheating and damage to the pump. Do not let the pressure washer run for more than two minutes in Bypass Mode. Turn off the engine and relieve the pressure in the gun during these extended situations.

16. Release trigger to stop water flow and turn the burner off.

17. Adjust the pressure if needed. Refer to **Pressure Adjustments** paragraph for the correct procedures.

⚠ DANGER: Risk of injury from spray. Engage the trigger lock (CC) when gun is not in use to prevent accidental spraying.



SHUTTING DOWN (FIG. 1)

1. Place the burner on/off switch (L) in the OFF position.
2. Depress trigger on gun and allow water to run until the spray wand is no longer hot to the touch.
3. If chemicals were applied, place the chemical siphon hose into a container of clean water and draw clean water through chemical injection system to rinse system thoroughly.

NOTICE: Risk of property damage. Failure to rinse the chemical system can cause damage to the high-pressure pump or the high-pressure water system.

4. Turn engine/motor off.

Gasoline or Diesel Driven: Refer to the **engine instruction manual** for correct procedure.

NOTICE: Risk of property damage. NEVER turn water supply off while pressure washer engine is running or damage to pump will result.

5. Turn water source off.

6. Pull trigger on spray gun to relieve any water pressure in hose or spray gun.

7. Refer to **Storage** for proper storage procedures.

MAINTENANCE

Your pressure washer has been produced with the highest quality materials and craftsmanship, as the owner you have certain responsibilities for the correct care of the equipment. Attention to regular preventative maintenance procedures will assist in preserving the performance of your equipment.

Contact your local service provider for maintenance. A small investment in preventative maintenance will add many hours to the life of your pressure washer. Perform maintenance more often under severe conditions. Do not spray high-pressure water onto the machine. Not all maintenance items apply to all machines.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

Engine Oil	Inspect	Daily
	Change	After first 10 hours then every 50 hours especially in high ambient temperatures
	Filter	Every 100 hours
Air Cleaner	Inspect	Every 25 hours
	Clean	Every 3 months
Diesel Engine Coolant	Check daily	(maximum 50% antifreeze)
Battery Level	Check monthly	12V DC Burner Systems: Replace battery every 2 years
Engine Fuel Filter	500 hours or 6 months	
Spark Plug Maintenance	500 hours or 6 months	
Clean Fuel Tank(s)	Annually	
Replace Fuel Lines	Annually	
Pump Oil	Inspect	Daily
	Change	After first 25 hours, then every 3 months or 150 hours
	Axial pumps come filled with synthetic oil, which does not require changing	
Replace Burner Fuel Filter	Every 6 months	(More often if fuel quality is poor)
Remove Burner Soot	Annually	
Burner Adjustment/Cleaning	Annually	
De-scale Coil	Annually	(More often if required)
Replace Spray Nozzle	Every 6 months	
Replace Quick Connects	Annually (More often if required)	
Clean Water Screen/Filter	Weekly	
Clean Float/Supply Tank	Every 6 months	
Replace HP Hose	Annually (More often if required)	
Belts	Tighten	Every 6 months
	Inspect/Replace	Annually
Trailer Tires/Bearings	Monthly (Check tires for condition, tighten lug nuts, grease & check bearings)	

MAINTENANCE INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	OIL TYPE	CAPACITY
Gas Engine	SAE 10W 30 motor oil **	.63 to 3 qt.
Diesel Engine	SAE 15W 40 OR ISO 100 **	1.7- 3.3 qt.
Pump, Cat	SAE 15W 40 OR ISO 100	11 – 42 oz.
Pump, Comet	SAE 15W 40 OR ISO 100	11 – 42 oz.
Pump, General	SAE 15W 40 OR ISO 100	11 – 42 oz.

** Check the engine manufacturer's service guide for additional maintenance items and specific high ambient temperature oil selection.

CALIFORNIA PROP 65 WARNING

Detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm may be found in pressure washing equipment and accessories. California Health and Safety Code 25249.5

STORAGE

ENGINE

Consult the **Engine Owner's Manual** for manufacturer's recommendations for storage.

MOTOR

Consult the **Motor Owner's Manual** for manufacturer's recommendations for storage.

PRESSURE WASHER

1. Drain all water from high-pressure hose.
2. With nozzle pointed down and the spray gun and wand in a vertical position, squeeze trigger to drain all water from spray gun and wand.
3. Store chemical siphon hose so it is protected from damage.

⚠CAUTION: *Risk of personal injury. Avoid placing hands between handle and frame when assembling to prevent pinching.*

NOTICE: *Risk of property damage. Always store and transport unit in an upright position.*

ACCESSORIES

⚠ DANGER: *Risk of fluid injection. When using replacement spray wands or guns with this pressure washer, DO NOT use a spray wand and/or spray gun/wand combination that is shorter in length than what was provided with this pressure washer as measured from the nozzle end of the wand to the gun trigger.*

NOTICE: *The use of any other accessory not recommended for use with this tool could be hazardous. Use only accessories rated equal to or greater than the rating of the pressure washer.*

SPECIFICATIONS

REFER TO THE SPECIFICATION AT THE END OF THIS MANUAL FOR YOUR SPECIFIC UNIT'S SPECIFICATIONS.

SERVICE INFORMATION

Do not return this product to your retailer. Please contact our customer service department at 1-844-375-7577.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

NOTE: Probable causes are listed with most likely cause first Repairs should be made by qualified technicians only.

POWER SYSTEM: GASOLINE OR DIESEL DRIVEN

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Engine will not start or crank over (see Engine Owner's Manual for further engine troubleshooting)	Battery dead Where applicable	Charge or replace battery, add electrolyte if battery is new
	Dirty Battery Contacts	Clean connections
	Battery cables disconnected	Connect or replace damaged cables
	Engine, pump, or gearbox is seized	Identify, Replace or repair seized part
	Key switch, solenoid or starter on engine defective	Repair or replace faulty component
	Pump is seized	Replace pump or bearing
Engine will not start but will crank over (see Engine Owner's Manual for further engine troubleshooting)	Engine power switch is off or defective	Check engine power switch
	Low oil shut down is activated	Add oil to engine, check more frequently
	Low on fuel	Fill with the appropriate fuel, bleed injector pump on diesel engines
	Fuel filter is clogged	Replace or clean fuel filter, bleed injector pump on diesel engines
	Engine flooded or starved	Choke only as required (not applicable to diesels)
	Old or dirty fuel	Drain and replace with new fuel
Engine bogs down under load, whenever spray gun is triggered (see Engine Owner's Manual for further engine troubleshooting)	Engine needs to be repaired or replaced	See engine manual or engine dealer
	Operating in high elevation	Lower the pressure on the unit and check for correct engine speed (RPM)
	Incorrect nozzle in lance	Replace with correct nozzle size
	Unloader valve improperly adjusted	Adjust unloader valve
	Carbon deposits on cylinder head	Remove head and clean off deposits

POWER SYSTEM: ELECTRIC DRIVEN

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Electric motor does not start	No electric power	Check cord, plug, socket, and breaker
	Thermal overload in the motor/or starter has been tripped	Reset manual overload by depressing the thermal switch on the outside of the motor or starter after the motor has cooled. ⚠CAUTION: Automatic overload will restart the motor automatically when it has cooled.
	Power switch inoperative	Check power switch
	Electric motor or wiring failure	Replace or repair motor and/or wiring
	No water pressure at inlet	Connect to appropriate water supply
Machine will not auto-start (if equipped)	Must have adequate water supply	Check for correct pressure and gallonage
	Coil scale build up	Descale coil for better water flow
	Check filter screen and inlet pressure	Pull trigger gun to check auto-start function
	Pressure switch on unloader is faulty	Replace
	Timer is faulty	Remove leads from timer at control end, see if machine shuts off after time out, replace if defective

PUMPING SYSTEM

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Trigger gun leaks or will not shut off	Debris in gun valve assembly	Clean valve assembly or replace gun
Pump runs but there is no spray pressure	Water turned off	Turn water on
	Nozzle is plugged	Clean or replace with proper size
	Inlet chemical injection valve is open, without the end of the pickup tube inserted into detergent. (upstream injection systems only)	Close soap valve or submerge detergent pickup tube into solution
	Coil on hot water machines is obstructed	Clean obstruction or scale deposits from coil with coil cleaner
	Pump dry, needs to be primed	Crack open fitting on the high pressure outlet of the pump until water flows out

PUMPING SYSTEM		
Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Pump runs but has low spray pressure	Nozzle not installed	Install proper sized nozzle
	Dual wand valve is open	Dual wand valve must be closed and high pressure nozzle installed
	Leaky discharge hose or quick coupler	Replace hose, quick coupler, or O-ring in the quick coupler
	Inlet strainer clogged	Clean and check more frequently
	Worn or wrong size nozzle	Replace nozzle of proper size
	Belt slippage	Tighten or replace with correct belt
	Unloader valve worn or improperly adjusted	Install pressure gauge on pump head to adjust pressure. Check valve seat on Unloader
	Air leak in inlet plumbing	Reseal fittings and inspect inlet hoses for air leaks
Pump runs but there is erratic, fluctuating pressure	Inadequate incoming water supply	Increase water supply flow
	Stuck inlet or discharge valves	Clean out or replace worn valves
	Restricted inlet or air entering the inlet plumbing on the pump	Check fittings and hose for air tight seal, clean inlet strainer screen
	Leaking H.P. seals	Replace seals
	Leaking L.P. seals	Pressure feed the pump and replace L.P. seals if water leaks from the pump head
Excessive crankshaft play or loud, knocking noise in pump	Broken or worn bearing or connecting rod in crankcase	Replace pump or bearing
Oil leaking from pump	Loose drain plug or damaged seal	Locate point of oil leakage and replace damaged O-ring or seal
	Leaking crankshaft oil seal	Replace seal
	Leaking Oil Sight Glass seal	Replace seal
	Leaking Piston Oil Seal	Replace seals. Install correct amount of oil in pump
Inlet injection will not siphon chemical	Check valve in strainer clogged	Clean or replace. Rinse after each use
	Chemical valve not open or clogged	Open chemical valve or clean
	Strainer not submerged in solution	Submerge strainer and replenish chemical
	Detergent hose cut or kinked	Inspect hose, replace as necessary
Water is emitted from the chemical pickup tube	Check valve malfunctioning	Repair or replace check valve

PUMPING SYSTEM		
Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Downstream injector will not siphon chemical	Adjustable knob on injector is closed (Where applicable)	Open by turning counter clockwise
	Unit not in low pressure mode	Open dual wand or install low pressure (BLACK) nozzle
	Detergent hose cut or kinked	Inspect hose, replace as required
	Chemical Strainer plugged or not submerged	Check screen on strainer pickup tube
	Internal injector parts corroded or stuck	Disassemble, clean or replace
	Outlet water temperature too high	Use with cold water (150° Maximum)
Pressure relief reliving water	Unloader failure / coil overheating / Excessive pressure	Turn machine off wait a few minutes and restart. If problem continues take to an authorized repair center for complete system check

HEATING BURNER SYSTEM – DIESEL FIRED

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Burner will not fire <i>⚠WARNING: High voltage on igniter can cause electrical shock. Disconnect power before servicing.</i>	Burner switch not on	Turn switch on; Thermostat on if equipped
	Diesel fuel level low	Fill burner tank with #2 diesel or other approved fuel
	Trigger on spray gun not pulled	Squeeze trigger to fire burner
	Fuel filter plugged	Clean and / or tighten fuel filter (Check fuel pressure)
	Spray nozzle plugged	Clean spray nozzle
	Overload on burner motor tripped	Reset overload, locate and correct source of overload
	Nozzle not in wand	Install nozzle in wand
	Low water pump pressure	See pumping systems trouble shooting
	Fuel pump or nozzle stopped	Check fuel pressure, filter, fuel lines. Replace fuel pump and/or nozzle
	Vacuum, Flow, Pressure or Temperature switch faulty	Check electrical continuity with pump spraying and burner on
	Fuel solenoid valve faulty	Replace fuel valve if it does not open when power is applied
	Low generator voltage output	Adjust generator RPM for proper voltage under full load conditions
Burner relay faulty (12-V Burner only)	Replace burner relay	

HEATING BURNER SYSTEM – DIESEL FIRED

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Burner will not fire, plus diesel fumes are emitted from the exhaust port ⚠️ WARNING: <i>Replace insulation. Unburned fuel can saturate it and cause a fire.</i>	Fuel to air ratio out of adjustment	Set air band and fuel pressure to specifications
	Fuel nozzle partially clogged	Replace nozzle of proper size
	Ignition transformer not providing spark to fuel	Replace ignition transformer, clean and adjust electrodes
Burner fires and smokes	Fuel to air ratio out of adjustment	Set air band and fuel pressure to specifications
	Excessive soot on coils	Clean soot off to improve air flow
	Improper voltage at burner	Adjust RPM of generator (if equipped)
Discharge water temperature exceeds recommended operating temperature	Burner input too high for conditions	Decrease fuel pump pressure and/or fuel nozzle size
	Water flow restricted	Clean or replace nozzle of proper size. Descale coil and clear obstructions
	High temperature limit switch faulty or set too high	Replace or reset temperature limit switch
Burner continues to fire even when trigger on spray gun is released	Faulty Flow, Pressure or Vacuum switch	Replace switch
	Faulty fuel solenoid	Replace solenoid
Discharge water temperature not reaching maximum operating temperature	Burner input too low for conditions	Increase fuel pump pressure and/or fuel nozzle size
Battery keeps losing voltage (For 12 volt burner systems)	Battery voltage Low	Have battery checked and load test, charge if low and replace if necessary. Allow water to cool 2 minutes before shutting off engine
	RPM too low	Engine RPM should be 3600 RPM w/no load
	Engine charging system faulty	Check engine charging system – Must have 16 Amp output minimum
	Electrodes misadjusted	Adjust electrodes to maximum 1/8" gap
	Fuel pump pressure too high	Fuel pump pressure should be approximately 100 to 140 PSI
	Air band open too far	Adjust for proper burn
	Burner amp draw too high	Check amp draw of burner motor – should be 13 amp or less. Check amp draw of transformer should be 4.2 or less

HEATING/BURNER SYSTEM – NATURAL GAS OR LIQUID PROPANE FIRED

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Pilot will not light, burner will not fire	Burner switch not on	Turn switch on
	Trigger not pulled	Pull trigger. Burner should fire only when trigger is pulled
	Gas valve turned off	Turn gas valve on
	No voltage to valve	Check for 24 VAC between pilot valve(PV) and PV/MV. Valve will operate between 20.5 and 28.5 VAC
	Pilot orifice plugged	Remove orifice & clean
	Defective ignition module	Check for 24 VAC incoming @ 24V & 24V ground. (If you get voltage to module, but not through module, replace.)
	Defective transformer	Check for 24V output. If no voltage, replace
	Defective flow switch	Replace
	Defective thermostat	Replace
	Faulty Cam switch	Replace
	Igniter not working	Test for spark. Test for continuity between ignition wire and ground
	WARNING: High voltage igniter can cause electrical shock	
Pilot lights, but burner will not fire	Check for 24 VAC between main valve (MV) and PV/MV	If no VAC @ valve, replace module. If you get voltage, replace valve
Burner fires, but goes out	Check for continuity between ignition cable and ground wire	Assure good ground
	Faulty ignition module	Replace module
	Excess draft	Protect from windy conditions
NG or LP odor is present ⚠ WARNING: Check all NG / LP connections with soap solution before operation.	Gas leak ahead of valve	Turn gas off. Call gas supplier
	Lockout not working	Replace module
	Valve stuck	Turn main gas valve off. Replace valve
Discharge water temperature to high	Faulty thermostat	Replace
	Water restriction	Clean or replace spray nozzle, descale coil, remove obstructions
	Incoming gas pressure to high	Lower gas pressure

HEATING/BURNER SYSTEM – NATURAL GAS OR LIQUID PROPANE FIRED

Problem	Probable Cause	Remedy
Discharge water temperature not reaching maximum operating temperature	Worn spray nozzle	Replace spray nozzle with proper size
	Gas pressure too low	Increase gas pressure or install additional jets
	Draft under burner manifold	Prevent down draft with installation of down draft diverter. Prevent side draft with nonflammable barrier
	Soot Buildup on coil	Clean coil
	Hard water (Scale) deposits in coil	Descale or replace coil
Burner continues to fire even when water is not being sprayed	Faulty Flow switch, VAC Switch or Pressure switch	Replace
	Main gas valve stuck open	Replace main gas valve
Valve has had water sprayed on it. Has been submerged in water and does not work	Flood or accidental spraying	Replace valve: Do not attempt to repair or clean out
Ignition module has been subjected to water or moisture	Flood or accidental spraying	Replace module: Do not attempt to repair

LIMITED WARRANTY

All FNA GROUP® pressure washers are warranted by the FNA GROUP® to the original purchaser to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use, for the periods specified below. This Limited Warranty is subject to the exclusions shown below, applies to the original components only and, is calculated from the date of the original purchase. Any parts replaced under this warranty will assume the remainder of the part's original warranty period. These warranties pass through to the original purchaser only and are nontransferable. To find the nearest Authorized Service Center (ASC) contact the customer service group: for Cold Water service (877-362-4271) and for Hot Water service (844-375-7577). The customer is responsible to maintain and provide a copy of the purchase receipt to the Authorized Service Center at the time of repair to prove warranty status.

Component	Warranty Period	Exclusions or Comments
Industrial Frame/ Handle Assemblies (Welded Steel or Aluminum) Powershot, WaterBlaster, Water Shotgun, Delco® Equipment	10 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Rust, chemical damage, misuse/abuse
AAA® Triplex Pumps	5 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Freezing, Water Quality, Chemical damage, over pressurization, Low Water supply
GENERAL PUMP® Belt/Direct Drive Pumps	5 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Pumps are evaluated by GENERAL PUMP®
CAT® Belt Drive Pumps	5 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Pumps are evaluated by CAT® Pump
COMET PUMP® Belt/Direct Drive Pumps	5 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Pumps are evaluated by COMET PUMP®
Coils, Coil Tanks, Fuel/Float Tanks, Belt Guards	5 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Freezing, Water Quality, Chemical damage, over pressurization
Simpson® 420CC Engine	3year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Incorrect or contaminated fuel, Low oil levels
CAT® Direct Drive Pumps	2 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Pumps are evaluated by CAT® Pump
Simpson® 208CC Engine	2 year(s) Parts, 1 year labor	Incorrect or contaminated fuel, Low oil levels
OEM® Axial Pumps	1 year Parts, 1 year labor	Freezing, Water Quality, Chemical damage, over pressurization, Low water supply
Electric Pump/motor Assemblies	1 year Parts, 1 year labor	Freezing, Water Quality, Chemical damage, over pressurization, Low water supply
Delco Engines, Simpson Generators, Burner Assembly Components	1 year Parts, 1 year labor	Freezing, Fuel Quality, damage due to over pressurization, incorrect voltage
Consumer Frame/handle components (MegaShot)	1 year Parts, 1 year labor	Rust, chemical damage, misuse/abuse
Electrical Components, Switches, Contactors, Overload relays, Transformers, PC Boards, Control Modules	90 day Parts, 90 day labor	Rust, chemical damage, misuse/abuse, Freezing, Fuel Quality, damage due to over pressurization, incorrect voltage
Accessory Items: Nozzles, hoses, trigger guns, wands/lances, injectors, unloader valves, hose reels, foamers, GFCI's, relief valves, filters, wheels, tires, surface cleaners, soap tanks, plastic bonnet assemblies	90 day Parts, 90 day labor	Rust, chemical damage, misuse/abuse, Freezing, Fuel Quality, damage due to over pressurization, incorrect voltage

WARRANTY PROVIDED BY OTHER MANUFACTURERS:

Electric Motors and Gasoline or Diesel engines, which are warranted by their respective manufacturers, are serviced through these manufacturers' local authorized service centers. The FNA GROUP® is not authorized and has no responsibility to provide warranty service for such components.

This warranty does not cover the following items:

1. Normal wear items, such as, seals, O-rings, packing's, pistons, pump valve assemblies, strainers, belts, brushes, fuses, filters, fans or gaskets.
2. Damage or malfunctions resulting from accidents, abuse, modifications, alterations, incorrect installation, improper servicing, failure to follow manufacturer's maintenance instructions, or use of the equipment beyond its stated usage specifications as contained in the operator's manual.
3. Damage due to freezing, chemical deterioration, scale build up, rust, corrosion, water quality or thermal expansion.
4. Damage to components from fluctuations in electrical or water supply.
5. Normal maintenance service, including adjustments, fuel system cleaning, and clearing of obstructions.
6. Travel expenses or shipping costs of machines or components for the purposes of repair or replacement of equipment.
7. The Manufacturer's warranty obligation is limited to repair or replacement of defective components as provided herein and the Manufacturer shall not be liable for any further loss, damages, or expenses – including damages from shipping, accident, abuse, acts of God, misuse, water quality or neglect. Neither is damage from repairs using non-OEM parts or alterations performed by non-factory authorized personnel nor Failure to install and operate equipment according to the guidelines put forth in the instruction manual shall void warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

The FNA GROUP's liability for special, incidental, or consequential damages is expressly disclaimed. In no event shall The FNA GROUP's liability exceed the purchase price of the product in question. The FNA GROUP makes every effort to ensure that all illustrations and specifications are correct, however, these do not imply a warranty that the product is merchantable or fit for a particular purpose, or that the product will actually conform to the illustrations and specifications. Our obligation under this warranty is expressly limited to our option to the replacement or repair at a service facility or factory designated by us, of such part or parts as inspection shall disclose to have been defective. **THE WARRANTY CONTAINED HEREIN IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE are expressly limited to the duration of this written warranty.** The FNA GROUP® does not authorize any other party, to make any representation or promise on behalf of The FNA GROUP®, or to modify the terms, conditions, or limitations in any way. It is the buyer's responsibility to ensure that the installation and use of products conforms to local codes. While FNA attempts to assure that its products meet national codes; it cannot be responsible for how the customer chooses to use or install the product. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply.

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