

#### **OPERATOR'S MANUAL**

MODEL #200970 3650W DUAL FUEL PORTABLE GENERATOR



**REGISTER YOUR PRODUCT ONLINE** 

at championpowerequipment.com













or visit championpowerequipment.com

**SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.** This manual contains important safety precautions which should be read and understood before operating the product. Failure to do so could result in serious injury. This manual should remain with the product.

Specifications, descriptions and illustrations in this manual are as accurate as known at the time of publication, but are subject to change without notice.

This product meets the requirements of the PGMA (Portable Generator Manufacturers' Association) standard ANSI/PGMA G300-2018 (Safety and Performance of Portable Generators).

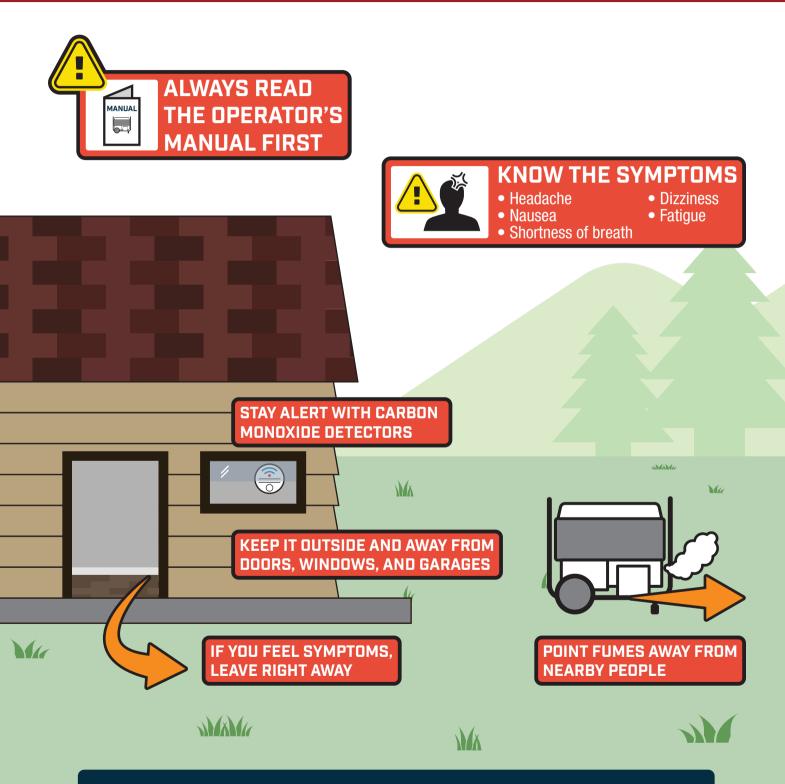
Covered by one or more of the following U.S. Patent Numbers: 10,862,414 and other U.S. and foreign patents pending.



MANA

#### CARBON MONOXIDE SAFETY: THE BIG PICTURE

As the only safe way to use a portable generator, taking your generator outside is absolutely mandatory to keep your family safe from carbon monoxide. But there's even more you can do. By educating yourself about all carbon monoxide risks, you'll be better prepared to protect your family from this colorless, oderless threat.



www.TakeYourGeneratorOutside.com

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#### **♥**§ FOR PARTS BREAKDOWN

Search by model number at championpowerequipment.com

#### INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your purchase of a Champion Power Equipment (CPE) product. CPE designs, builds, and supports all of our products to strict specifications and guidelines. With proper product knowledge, safe use, and regular maintenance, this product should bring years of satisfying service.

Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information in this manual at the time of publication, and we reserve the right to change, alter and/or improve the product and this document at any time without prior notice.

CPE highly values how our products are designed, manufactured, operated, and serviced as well as providing safety to the operator and those around the generator. Therefore, it is IMPORTANT to review this product manual and other product materials thoroughly and be fully aware and knowledgeable of the assembly, operation, dangers and maintenance of the product before use. Fully familiarize yourself, and make sure others who plan on operating the product fully familiarize themselves too, with the proper safety and operation procedures before each use. Please always exercise common sense and always err on the side of caution when operating the product to ensure no accident, property damage, or injury occurs. We want you to continue to use and be satisfied with your CPE product for years to come.

When contacting CPE about parts and/or service, you will need to supply the complete model and serial numbers of your product. Transcribe the information found on your product's nameplate label to the table below

# CPE TECHNICAL SUPPORT TEAM 1-877-338-0999 MODEL NUMBER 200970 SERIAL NUMBER DATE OF PURCHASE PURCHASE LOCATION

#### SAFETY DEFINITIONS

The purpose of safety symbols is to attract your attention to possible dangers. The safety symbols, and their explanations, deserve your careful attention and understanding. The safety warnings do not by themselves eliminate any danger. The instructions or warnings they give are not substitutes for proper accident prevention measures.

#### **A** DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

#### **A** WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

#### **A** CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

#### NOTICE

NOTICE indicates information considered important, but not hazard-related (e.g., messages relating to property damage).

#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

#### **A WARNING**

Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

#### **A** DANGER

Generator exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless, poisonous gas. Breathing carbon monoxide will cause nausea, dizziness, fainting or death. If you start to feel dizzy or weak, get to fresh air immediately.

### OPERATE GENERATOR <u>OUTDOORS</u> ONLY IN A WELL VENTILATED AREA AND POINT EXHAUST AWAY.

DO NOT operate the generator inside any building, including garages, basements, crawlspaces and sheds, enclosure or compartment, including the generator compartment of a recreational vehicle.

DO NOT allow exhaust fumes to enter a confined area through windows, doors, vents or other openings.

#### **A** DANGER

Using a generator indoors **CAN KILL YOU IN MINUTES**. Generator exhaust contains carbon monoxide. This is a poison you cannot see or smell.

**NEVER** use inside a home or garage, **EVEN IF** doors and windows are open.

**ONLY** use **OUTSIDE** and far away from windows, doors, and vents.



Install battery-operated carbon monoxide alarms or plug-in carbon monoxide alarms with battery back-up according to the manufacturer's instructions.

#### **A** DANGER

Operate equipment with guards in place.

Rotating parts can entangle hands, feet, hair, clothing and/or accessories. Traumatic amputation or severe laceration can result.

Keep hands and feet away from rotating parts.

Tie up long hair and remove jewelry.

DO NOT wear loose-fitting clothing, dangling drawstrings or items that could become caught.

#### **A** DANGER

Generator produces powerful voltage.

DO NOT touch bare wires or receptacles.

DO NOT use electrical cords that are worn, damaged or frayed. Use only Champion electrical cords for proper application.

DO NOT operate generator in wet weather.

DO NOT allow children or unqualified persons to operate or service the generator.

Use a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) in damp areas and areas containing conductive material such as metal decking.

Connection to your home's electrical system requires a listed 30A transfer switch installed by a licensed electrician and approved by the local authority having jurisdiction. The connection must isolate the generator from the utility power and must comply with all applicable laws and electrical codes.

#### **A** DANGER

Tampering with the CO Shield® system will result in a hazardous condition and will void your warranty.

Removing the CO Shield® module will not allow the generator to start.

#### **A WARNING**

Do not use generator for medical and life support uses.

In case of emergency, call 911 immediately.

NEVER use this product to power life support devices or life support appliances.

NEVER use this product to power medical devices or medical appliances.

Inform your electricity provider immediately if you or anyone in your household depends on electrical equipment to live.

Inform your electrical provider immediately if a loss of power would cause you or anyone in your household to experience a medical emergency.

#### **A WARNING**

Spark from removed spark plug wire can result in fire or electrical shock.

#### When servicing the generator:

Disconnect the spark plug wire and place it where it cannot contact the plug or any other metal object.

DO NOT check for spark with the plug removed.

Use only approved spark plug testers.

#### **A WARNING**

Running engines produce heat. Severe burns can occur on contact. Combustible material can catch fire on contact.

DO NOT touch hot surfaces.

Avoid contact with hot exhaust gases.

Allow equipment to cool before touching.

Maintain at least 3 ft. (91.4 cm) of clearance on all sides to ensure adequate cooling.

Maintain at least 5 ft. (1.5 m) of clearance from combustible materials.

#### **WARNING**

Rapid retraction of the recoil cord will pull hand and arm towards the engine faster than you can let go. Broken bones, fractures, bruises or sprains could result. Unintentional startup can result in entanglement, traumatic amputation or laceration.

When starting engine, pull the recoil cord slowly until resistance is felt and then pull rapidly to avoid kickback.

DO NOT start or stop the engine with electrical devices plugged in and turned on.

#### **A WARNING**

Although the generator contains a spark arrester, maintain a minimum distance of 5 ft. (1.5 m) from dry vegetation to prevent fires.

#### **A** CAUTION

Exceeding the generator's running capacity can damage the generator and/or electrical devices connected to it.

DO NOT overload the generator.

DO NOT tamper with the governed speed.

DO NOT modify the generator in any way.

#### **A** CAUTION

Start the generator and allow the engine to stabilize before connecting electrical loads.

Connect electrical equipment in the off position, and then turn them on for operation.

Turn electrical equipment off and disconnect before stopping the generator.

#### **A** CAUTION

Improper treatment or use of the generator can damage it, shorten its life or void the warranty.

Use the generator only for intended uses.

Operate only on level surfaces.

DO NOT expose generator to excessive moisture, dust, or dirt.

DO NOT allow any material to block the cooling slots.

If connected devices overheat, turn them off and disconnect them from the generator.

#### DO NOT use the generator if:

- Electrical output is lost
- Equipment sparks, smokes or emits flames
- Equipment vibrates excessively

#### **Fuel Safety**

#### **A** DANGER

GASOLINE, GASOLINE VAPORS AND PROPANE (LPG) ARE HIGHLY FLAMMABLE AND EXPLOSIVE.

Fire or explosion can cause severe burns or death.

#### Gasoline and gasoline vapors:

- Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive.
- Gasoline can cause a fire or explosion if ignited.
- Gasoline is a liquid fuel but it's vapors can ignite.
- Gasoline is a skin irritant and needs to be cleaned up immediately if spilled on skin or clothes.
- Gasoline has a distinctive odor, this will help detect potential leaks quickly.
- In any petroleum gas fire, flames should not be extinguished unless by doing so the fuel supply valve can be turned OFF.
   This is because if a fire is extinguished and a supply of fuel is not turned OFF, then an explosion hazard could be created.
- Gasoline expands or contracts with ambient temperatures.
   Never fill the gasoline tank to full capacity, as gasoline needs room to expand if temperatures rise.

#### LPG:

- LPG is highly flammable and explosive.
- LPG is under pressure and can cause a fire or explosion if ignited.
- LPG is heavier than air and can settle in low places while dissipating.
- LPG has a distinctive odor added to help detect potential leaks quickly.
- In any petroleum gas fire, flames should not be extinguished unless by doing so the fuel supply valve is turned OFF. This is because if a fire is extinguished and a supply of fuel is not turned OFF, then an explosion hazard could be created.
- When exchanging LPG cylinders, check that the cylinder valve is of the same type.
- Always keep the LPG cylinder in an upright position.
- LPG will burn skin if it comes in contact with it. Keep any and all LPG away from skin at all times.

#### When adding or removing gasoline:

DO NOT light or smoke cigarettes.

Turn the generator off and let cool for at least two minutes before removing the gasoline cap. Always loosen the cap slowly to relieve pressure in the tank.

Only fill or drain gasoline outdoors in a well-ventilated area.

DO NOT pump gasoline directly into the generator at the gas station. Always use an approved container to transfer the fuel to the generator.

DO NOT overfill the gasoline tank.

Always keep gasoline away from sparks, open flames, pilot lights, heat and other sources of ignition.

#### When starting the generator:

DO NOT attempt to start a damaged generator.

Always check that the gasoline cap, air filter, spark plug, fuel lines and exhaust system are properly in place.

Always allow spilled gasoline to evaporate fully before attempting to start the engine.

Always be certain that the generator is resting firmly on level ground.

#### When operating the generator:

DO NOT move or tip the generator during operation.

#### When transporting or servicing the generator:

Always check that the fuel valve is in the OFF position and the gasoline tank is empty.

For LPG compatible models, check that the LPG cylinder is disconnected and stored securely away from the generator.

Disconnect the spark plug wire.

#### When storing the generator:

Store away from sparks, open flames, pilot lights, heat and other sources of ignition.

Do not store generator, gasoline or LPG cylinders near furnaces, water heaters, or any other appliances that produce heat or have automatic ignitions.

#### **A** DANGER

NEVER place a gasoline container, gasoline tank, LPG cylinder or any combustible material in the path of the exhaust stream during operation of the engine.

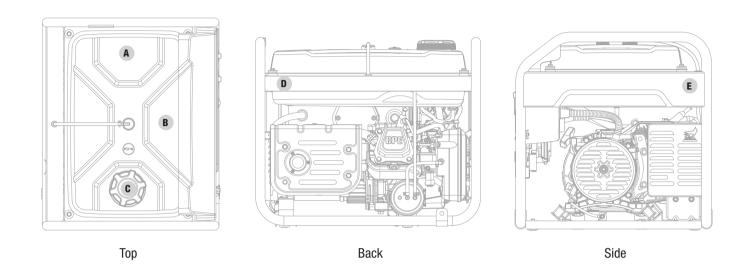
#### **A WARNING**

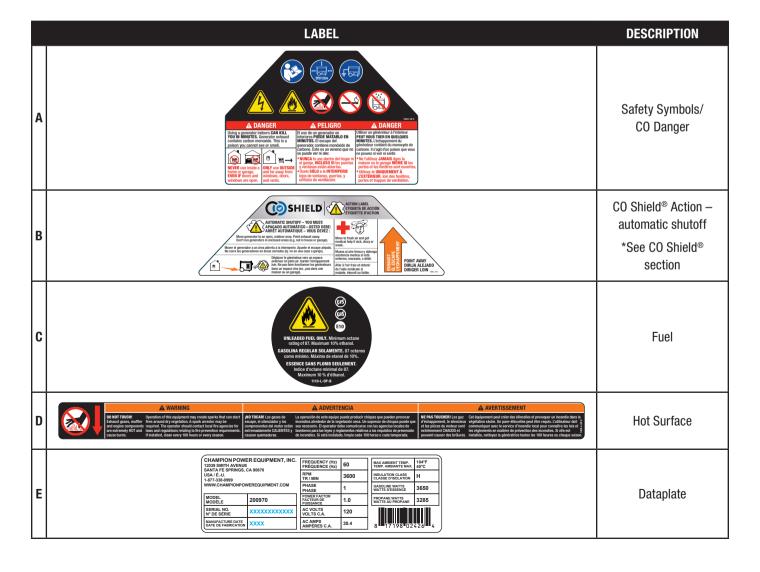
Never use a gasoline container, gasoline tank, LPG connector hose, LPG cylinder or any other fuel item that is broken, cut, torn or damaged.

#### **Safety and Dataplate Labels**

These labels warn you of potential hazards that can cause serious injury. Read them carefully.

If a label comes off or becomes hard to read, contact Technical Support Team for possible replacement.





#### **Safety Symbols**

Some of the following symbols may be used on this product. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to more safely operate the product.

SYMBOL	MEANING
	<b>Read Operator's Manual.</b> To reduce the risk of injury, user must read and understand operator's manual before using this product.
\$\frac{1}{5ft/1.5m}\$	<b>Clearance.</b> Keep all objects at least 5 feet (1.5m) from generator. Heat from the muffler and exhaust gas can ignite combustible objects.
	<b>Ground.</b> Consult with local electrician to determine grounding requirements before operation.
<u>A</u>	<b>Electric Shock.</b> Failure to use in dry conditions and to observe safe practices can result in electric shock. Improper connections to a building can allow current to backfeed into utility lines, creating an electrocution hazard. A transfer switch must be used when connecting to a building.
	Fire/Explosion. Fuel and its vapors are extremely flammable and explosive. Fire or explosion can cause severe burns or death. Keep generator at least 5 feet (1.5m) from all objects to prevent combustion.
	Hot Surface. To reduce the risk of injury or damage, avoid contact with any hot surface.
	Open Flame Alert. Fuel and its vapors are extremely flammable and explosive. Keep fuel away from smoking, open flames, sparks, pilot lights, heat, and other ignition sources.
	Wet Conditions Alert. Do not expose to rain or use in damp locations.

#### **Operation Symbols**

Some of the following symbols may be used on this product. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to more safely operate the product.

SYMBOL	MEANING
4	On
<b>②</b>	Stop or Off
	Gasoline Operation
<b>②</b>	Propane Operation
<b>⊗ ⊘</b>	Propane Inlet
3	Circuit Breaker Reset: Push
	Locking Receptacle
	RV Ready Receptacle
N→Ţ	Neutral Floating. Neutral circuit IS NOT electrically connected to the frame/ ground of the generator.
- <b>人</b> -	Hertz
<u>v</u>	Volts

SYMBOL	MEANING
U	Run time
	High CO Warning. Move generator to an open, outdoor area. Move to fresh air and get medical help if sick, dizzy or weak.
<u>^</u>	CO Shield System Fault. Electrical issue, end of life.
	Choke
[+]	Run
	Ground Terminal
	Gasoline Tank: Full
	Gasoline Tank: Empty
N	Gasoline Off

#### **Quick Start Label Symbols**

Some of the following symbols may be used on this product. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to more safely operate the product.



#### **Starting the Engine - Manual Start**

#### **A** DANGER

Move generator outside and far away from windows, doors and intake ventilation covers.

- Check oil level.
   Recommended oil is 10W-30.
- Add fuel. Check gasoline level. When adding gasoline, use a minimum octane rating of 87 and an ethanol content of 10% or less by volume.
- 3. Turn fuel select dial to the "GASOLINE RUN" position.
- 4. Move the **choke lever** the "CHOKE" position.
- 5. Pull the recoil cord.
- 6. Move the **choke lever** to the "RUN" position.
- 7. Plug in desired device.

#### **Stopping the Engine**

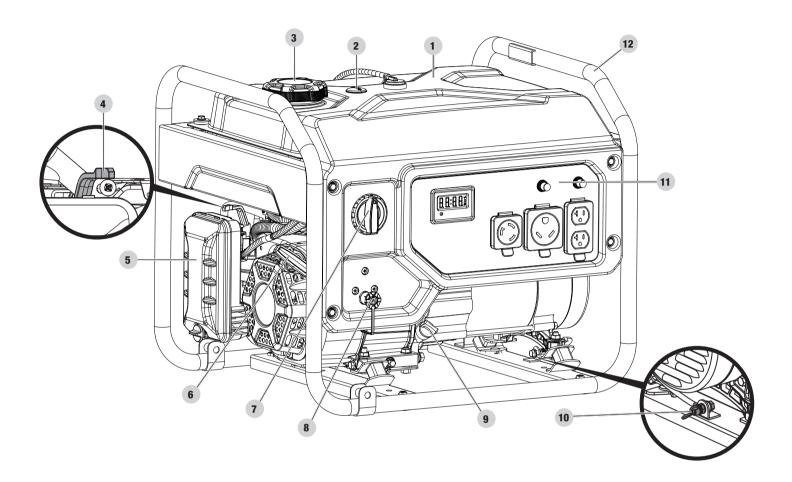
- 1. Turn off and unplug all connected electrical loads.
- 2. Turn the **fuel select dial** to the "ENGINE STOP" position.

For adding fuel and starting the engine with LPG see *Add Fuel: Propane (LPG)* in *Assembly* section and *Starting the Engine: Propane (LPG)* in the *Operation* section.

#### **CONTROLS AND FEATURES**

Read this operator's manual before operating your generator. Familiarize yourself with the location and function of the controls and features. Save this manual for future reference.

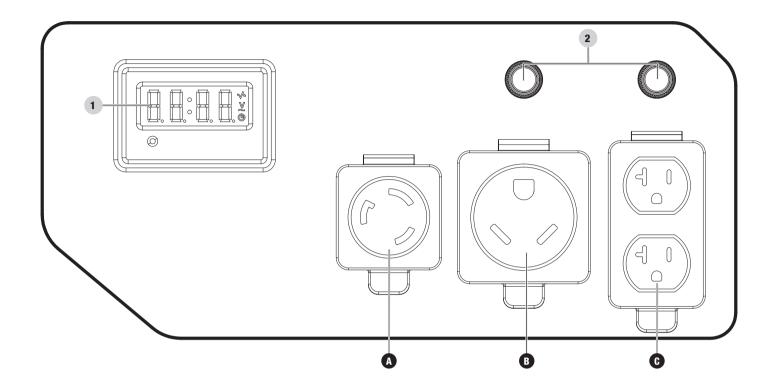
#### **Generator**



- 1. **Gasoline Tank** 4.7 gal. (17.7 L)
- 2. Gasoline Level
- 3. Fuel Cap Remove to add fuel.
- 4. Choke Lever Used to start the engine.
- 5. **Air Filter** Protects the engine by filtering dust and debris from the intake air.
- 6. Recoil Starter Used to manually start the engine.
- Fuel Select Dial Used to select proper fuel for operation and stop the generator.

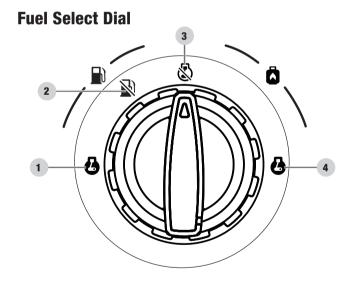
- 8. **LPG Inlet** Used to connect LPG fuel source to generator.
- 9. Oil Fill Cap/Dipstick Used to check and fill oil level.
- 10. **Ground Terminal** Consult an electrician for local grounding regulations.
- 11. **Control Panel** See *Control Panel* section.
- 12. Carrying Handle(s) Used to lift or carry the unit.

#### **Control Panel**



- 1. Intelligauge See Intelligauge section.
- 2. **Circuit Breakers (Push Reset)** Protects the generator against electrical overloads.

RECEPTACLES		
Α		<b>120V AC, 30A Locking (NEMA L5-30R)</b> May be used to supply electrical power for operation of 120 Volt AC, 30 Amp, single phase, 60 Hz electrical loads.
В	9	120V AC, 30A RV (NEMA TT-30R)  May be used to supply electrical power for operation of 120 Volt AC, 30 Amp, single phase, 60 Hz electrical loads.
С	4	(2x) 120V AC, 20A (NEMA 5-20R)  May be used to supply electrical power for operation of 120 Volt AC, 20 Amp, single phase, 60 Hz electrical loads.



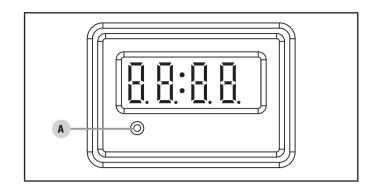
- 1. Gasoline Run
- 2. Gasoline Off
- 3. Engine Stop
- 4. Propane Run

#### Intelligauge with CO Shield®

Four mode digital meter for displaying voltage, frequency, run time, and total run time.

Mutli-colored LED indicates CO shutoff or fault.

A. **CO Shield® LED** – The CO Shield® technology monitors for accumulation of poisonous carbon monoxide (CO) gas produced by engine exhaust when the generator is running. If CO Shield® detects elevated levels of CO gas, it automatically shuts off the engine.



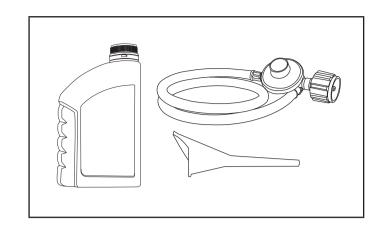
	MODE DESCRIPTION		
		Output voltage of the generator.	
1	Voltage (V)	Example: 120 volts	
		Output freque	ency in hertz.
2	Frequency (H)	Example: 60.0 hertz	
	Run time of the generator for the current session		or for the current session
3	Run Time (R)	Example: 6 hours	R B. D's
Total run time of the generator since first operation		erator since first operation	
4	Total Run Time	Example: 16 hours	

<sup>\*\*</sup>See CO Shield section for more information

#### **Parts Included**

#### Accessories

6.5 ft. (2 m) LPG Hose with Regulator	
Engine Oil	20.3 fl. oz. (600 ml)
Oil Funnel	



#### **ASSEMBLY**

Your generator requires some assembly. It must be properly serviced with fuel and oil before operation.

If you have any questions regarding the assembly of your generator, call our Technical Support Team at 1-877-338-0999. Please have your serial number and model number available.

#### Unpacking

- 1. Set the shipping carton on a solid, flat surface.
- 2. Remove everything from the carton except the generator.
- Carefully cut each corner of the box from top to bottom. Fold each side flat on the ground to provide a surface area to work with the generator.

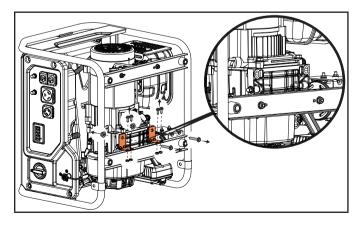
#### **Remove Shipping Support Brackets**

To protect the generator during shipping, support brackets have been installed between the engine and frame. These brackets MUST BE REMOVED BEFORE adding oil or gasoline to the generator.

#### NOTICE

DO NOT attempt to run generator without first removing the shipping support brackets. Damage to the generator as a result of not removing the brackets will void the warranty.

- BEFORE filling the engine with oil or gasoline, tip the generator onto its recoil end. Tip onto the flattened cardboard box the generator came in or other protective surface so as to not scratch the frame.
- Remove the bolts from the orange support brackets. Bolts and brackets can be discarded.
- 3. Tip the generator upright.



#### **Add Engine Oil**

#### **A WARNING**

DO NOT attempt to crank or start the engine before it has been properly filled with the recommended type and amount of oil. Damage to the generator as a result of failing to follow these instructions will void your warranty.

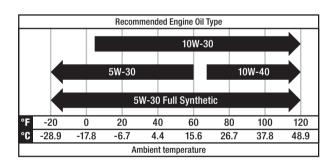
#### NOTICE

The generator rotor has a sealed, pre-lubricated ball bearing that requires no additional lubrication for the life of the bearing.

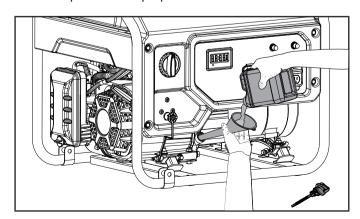
#### NOTICE

The recommended oil type for typical use is **10W-30 automotive oil**. However, using the listed conventional oils shown in the "Recommended Engine Oil Type" chart may be used for typical use including the first 5 hours of the break-in run time period of the engine.

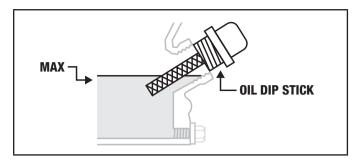
If running generator in extreme temperatures, refer to the "Recommended Engine Oil Type" chart.



- 1. Place the generator on a flat, level surface.
- 2. Remove oil fill cap/dipstick to add oil.
- 3. Using a funnel, add up to 20.3 fl. oz. (600 ml) of oil (included) and replace oil fill cap/dipstick. DO NOT OVERFILL.



4. Check engine oil level at every use and add as needed.



#### NOTICE

Once oil has been added, a visual check should show oil about 1-2 threads from running out of the fill hole.

When using the dipstick to check oil level, DO NOT screw in the dipstick while checking.

#### NOTICE

Check oil level often during the break-in period. Refer to the Maintenance section for recommended service intervals.

#### **A** CAUTION

This engine is equipped with a low oil shut-off and will stop when the oil level in the crankcase falls below the threshold level.

#### NOTICE

The first 5 hours of run time are the break-in period for the unit. During the break in period stay at or below 50% of the running watt rating and vary the load occasionally to allow stator windings to heat and cool. Adjusting the load will also cause engine speed to vary slightly and help seat piston rings. After the 5 hour break-in period, change the oil.

#### NOTICE

Synthetic oil may be used after the 5 hour initial break-in period. Using synthetic oil does not decrease the recommended oil change interval. Full synthetic 5W-30 oil will aid in starting in cold ambient  $< 41^{\circ}$  F ( $5^{\circ}$  C) temperatures.

#### Add Fuel: Gasoline

#### **A** DANGER

Gasoline vapors are highly flammable and extremely explosive.

DO NOT light or smoke cigarettes. Fire or explosion can cause severe burns or death.

Only fill or drain fuel outdoors in a well-ventilated area.

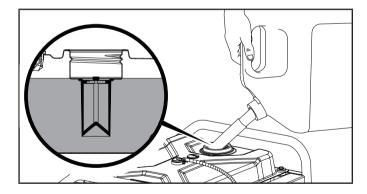
DO NOT pump gasoline directly into the generator. Use an approved container to transfer the fuel to the generator.

Never use a gasoline container, gasoline tank, or any other fuel item that is broken, cut, torn or damaged.

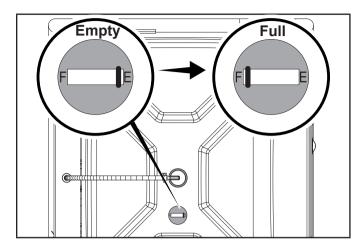
DO NOT overfill the gasoline tank. Always keep fuel away from sparks, open flames, pilot lights, heat and other sources of ignition.

DO NOT mix oil with gasoline.

- 1. Remove the gasoline cap.
- 2. Slowly add gasoline to the tank. Tank is full when gasoline reaches red circle on screen. DO NOT OVERFILL. Gasoline can expand after filling. A minimum of ¼ in. (6.4 mm) of space left in the tank is required for gasoline expansion, although more than ¼ in. (6.4 mm) is recommended. Gasoline can be forced out of the tank as a result of expansion if overfilled, and can affect the stable running condition of the generator.



3. The approximate fuel level is shown on the fuel gauge on top of the fuel tank.



4. Screw on the gasoline cap and wipe away any spilled fuel.

#### **A** CAUTION

Use unleaded gasoline with a minimum octane rating of 87 and an ethanol content of 10% or less by volume.

DO NOT light cigarettes or smoke when filling the tank.

DO NOT mix oil and gasoline.

DO NOT overfill the tank. Fill tank to approximately  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. (6.4 mm) below the top of the tank to allow for gasoline expansion.

DO NOT pump gasoline directly into the generator at the pump. Use an approved fuel container to transfer the gasoline to the generator.

DO NOT fill tank indoors.

DO NOT fill tank when the engine is running or hot.

#### **A WARNING**

Pouring gasoline too fast through the fuel screen may result in gasoline splashing over the generator and operator while filling.

#### NOTICE

The generator engine works well with 10% or less ethanol blended gasoline. When using ethanol-gasoline blends there are some issues worth noting:

- Ethanol-gasoline blends can absorb more water than gasoline alone.
- These ethanol blends can eventually separate, leaving water or a watery goo in the tank, fuel valve and carburetor. The compromised gasoline can be drawn into the carburetor and cause damage to the engine and/or create potential hazards.
- If a fuel stabilizer is used, confirm that it is formulated to work with ethanol-gasoline blends.
- Any damages or hazards caused by using ethanol blended gasoline higher than 10% by volume, improperly stored gasoline, and/or improperly formulated stabilizers, are not covered by manufacturer's warranty.

It is advisable to always shut off the gasoline supply and run the engine to starvation after each use. See Storage instructions for extended non-use.

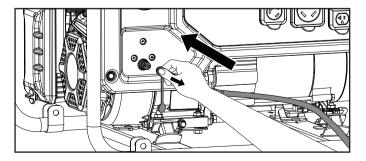
#### **Add Fuel: Propane (LPG)**

#### **A** DANGER

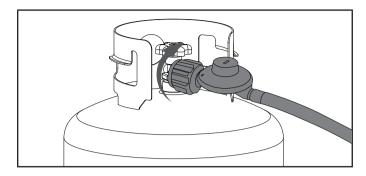
NEVER place the LPG (liquefied petroleum gas) connector hose OR LPG cylinder tank in the path of the muffler exhaust gas stream of the generator during engine operation.

#### **Connecting an LPG cylinder**

- Make sure the fuel select dial is in the "ENGINE STOP" position.
- Remove the rubber protective plug from the female connector of the LPG hose.
- Pull and hold the outer collar of the female connector and insert it over the male connector. Release outer collar. Pull on the hose to make sure it's connected to the generator.



4. Connect the other end of the LPG hose to the LPG cylinder valve and hand tighten.



5. Open valve on LPG cylinder and check all connections for leaks by wetting the fittings with a solution of soap and water. Bubbles which appear or bubbles which grow indicate that a leak exists. If a leak exists at a fitting then turn off the valve on the cylinder and tighten the fitting. Turn the valve back on and recheck the fitting with the soap and water solution. If the leak continues or if the leak is not at a fitting then do not use the generator and contact customer service.

#### NOTICE

- The LPG hose included with this unit works with standard 20, 30, and 40 pound LPG tanks.
- Verify the requalification date on the cylinder has not expired.
- Always position the cylinder so the connection between the cylinder valve and generator inlet won't cause sharp bends or kinks in the LPG hose.

#### **A** CAUTION

Do not allow children to tamper or play with the LPG cylinder or hose connections.

#### **A** CAUTION

Use approved LPG cylinders equipped with an OPD (overfilling prevention device) valve. Always keep the cylinder in a vertical position with the valve on top and installed at ground level on a flat surface. Cylinders must not be installed near any heat source and should not be exposed to sun, rain, and dust. When transporting and storing, turn off the cylinder valve and generator LPG valve, and disconnect the cylinder. Plug the outlet, usually by a plastic protective cap, if one is available. Keep cylinders away from heat and ventilated when in a vehicle.

#### **A WARNING**

If there is a strong smell of LPG: Close valve on the cylinder. Check all connections for leaks by wetting the fittings with a solution of soap and water. Bubbles which appear or bubbles which grow indicate that a leak exists. Do not smoke or light a cigarette, or check for leaks using a match, open flame source or lighter. Contact a qualified technician to inspect and repair an LPG system if a leak is found, before using the generator.

#### Grounding

Your generator must be properly connected to an appropriate ground to help prevent electric shock.

#### **A WARNING**

Failure to properly ground the generator can result in electric shock.

A ground terminal connected to the frame of the generator has been provided (see Controls and Features for terminal location). For remote grounding, connect a length of heavy gauge (12 AWG minimum) copper wire between the generator ground terminal and a copper rod driven into the ground. We strongly recommend that you consult with a qualified electrician to ensure compliance with local electrical codes.

#### **Neutral Floating\***

- Neutral circuit IS NOT electrically connected to the frame/ ground of the generator.
- The generator (stator winding) is isolated from the frame and from the AC receptacle ground pin.
- Electrical devices that require a grounded receptacle pin connection will not function if the receptacle ground pin is not functional.

#### **Neutral Bonded to Frame\***

- Neutral circuit IS electrically connected to the frame/ground of the generator.
- The generator system ground connects lower frame crossmember below the alternator. The system ground is connected to the AC neutral wire.

<sup>\*</sup>See your Specifications section for specified type of grounding.

#### **OPERATION**

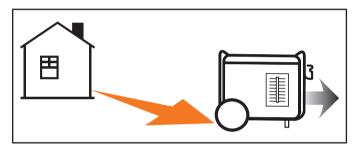
# CO Shield® - Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Auto-shutoff System

CO Shield® technology monitors the accumulation of carbon monoxide (CO), a poisonous gas produced by engine exhaust when the generator is running. If CO Shield® detects unsafe elevated levels of CO gas, it automatically shuts off the engine.

CO SHIELD® IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR AN INDOOR CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM OR FOR INDOOR OPERATION.

DO NOT allow engine exhaust fumes to enter a confined area through windows, doors, vents or other openings.

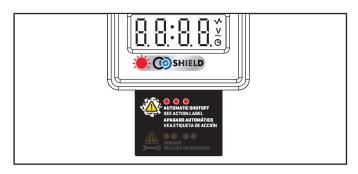
Generators must ALWAYS be used outdoors, far away from occupied buildings with engine exhaust pointed away from people and buildings.



If misused and operated in an unapproved and unsafe location that results in the accumulation of poisonous CO gas inside an enclosed or partially enclosed space, for example a house, garage or a garage with the door partially open, CO Shield® will automatically shut off the generator and then will illuminate a blinking red LED light. **Read the action label for next steps.** 



In the event of an engine shut off, when you approach the generator to investigate, a blinking **red** LED light in the CO Shield® area provides notification that the generator shut off due to an accumulating CO hazard. The red LED light will blink for at least five (5) minutes after an engine shut off event.



Move the generator far away to an open, outdoor area and point the exhaust away from people and buildings. Once relocated to a safe area, the generator can be restarted, and the proper electrical connections made. Introduce fresh air and ventilate the location where the generator shut off.

When restarting, the red and yellow LED will blink ten (10) times simultaneously to indicate the LED is working.

#### NOTICE

This blinking LED light does not indicate CO Shield® is working, as CO Shield® is working at all times when the generator is running. Also, the LED light will not blink (10) times if the generator was restarted within 1 minute after it was manually shut off. This does not occur if generator shut off from a high CO event.

If CO Shield® system experiences a fault and no longer provides protection, the generator is shutoff automatically and the **yellow** LED light will blink for at least five (5) minutes to notify you of the fault.



Call our Technical Support Team at 1-877-338-0999 for repair. The generator can be restarted, but will continue to shutoff.

#### NOTICE

CO Shield® will detect the accumulation of carbon monoxide (CO) from other fuel burning sources such as engine powered equipment, or propane heaters used in the area of operation. If another generator is used and the exhaust stream is pointed at a CO Shield® equipped generator, the CO Shield® may initiate a shutoff due to rising carbon monoxide (CO) levels. This is not a fault. Poisonous carbon monoxide (CO) has been detected. You must take action to move and direct the generator exhaust stream to better disperse carbon monoxide (CO) far away from people or buildings.

#### **A** DANGER

Tampering with the CO Shield® system will result in a hazardous condition and will void your warranty.

Removing the CO Shield® module will not allow the generator to start.

#### **Generator Location**

#### **A WARNING**

NEVER operate the generator inside any building, garage, basement, crawlspace, shed, enclosure or compartment, including a generator compartment of a recreational vehicle.

NEVER operate or start the generator in the back of an SUV, camper, trailer, truck bed (regular sides, flat or other configuration), under staircases, stairwells, next to walls or buildings or in any other location that will not allow for adequate cooling of the generator or for the proper exit of the exhaust flow from the muffler system.

DO NOT operate or store the generator in wet weather conditions such as rain or snow. Using a generator in wet conditions could result in serious injury or death due to electrocution.

In some state's generators may be required to be registered with the local utility company when used at construction sites and may be subject to additional rules and regulations, consult your local municipal authority.

Generators should always be operated on a flat, level surface at all times (even when not in operation).

Generators must have a minimum of 5 feet (1.5 m) of clearance from all combustible material.

Generators must also have a minimum of 3 feet (91.4 cm) of air flow clearance on all sides to allow for adequate performance cooling, maintenance and servicing.

Always place the generator in a well-ventilated area. NEVER place the generator near air intake vents or where exhaust fumes could be drawn into occupied or confined spaces.

Always carefully consider wind and air currents when positioning generator.

Always allow generators to properly cool before transport or for storage purposes.

Failure to follow proper safety precautions may result in personal injury, damage to the generator and void the manufacturer's warranty.

#### **A WARNING**

During operation the muffler and exhaust fumes will become hot. If adequate cooling and breathing space are not supplied, or if the generator is blocked or enclosed, temperatures can become extremely heated and may lead to fire.

#### **A WARNING**

Do not expose to rain or use in damp locations.

Keep all objects a minimum of 5 feet (1.5m) away from the generator at all times. Heat from the muffler surface and exhaust gas stream can ignite combustible materials.

#### **A WARNING**

If you must operate in rain or damp locations, DO NOT operate without proper protection of the electrical components.

Use of a safety canopy that is fire retardant and will provide proper air ventilation for the engine exhaust gas stream may be used.

Visit championpowerequipment.com or call to find your Storm Shield cover.

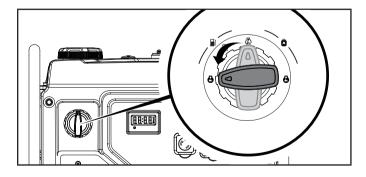
#### **Surge Protection**

Electronic devices, including computers and many programmable appliances use components that are designed to operate within a narrow voltage range and may be affected by momentary voltage fluctuations. While there is no way to prevent voltage fluctuations, you can take steps to protect sensitive electronic equipment.

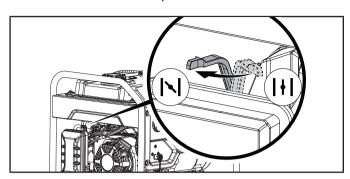
 Install UL1449, CSA-listed, plug-in surge suppressors on the outlets feeding your sensitive equipment.
 Surge suppressors come in single- or multi-outlet styles.
 They're designed to protect against virtually all short-duration voltage fluctuations.

#### **Starting the Engine: Gasoline**

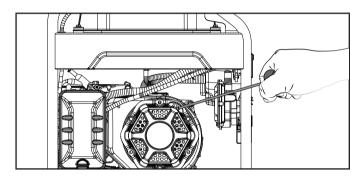
- 1. Make certain the generator is on a flat, level surface.
- Disconnect all electrical loads from the generator. Never start or stop the generator with electrical devices plugged in or turned on.
- 3. Turn the fuel select dial to the "GASOLINE RUN" position.



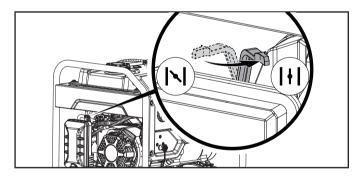
- 4. Move the choke lever to the "CHOKE" position.
  - 4a. For restarting a warm engine, move the choke lever to 75% of the "CHOKE" position.



5. Pull the recoil cord slowly until resistance is felt and then pull rapidly.



6. When engine starts running, move choke lever slowly to the "RUN" position over a 2-5 second period.



7. Plug in devices.

#### NOTICE

Keep choke lever in "CHOKE" position for only 1 pull of the recoil cord. After first pull, move choke lever to "RUN" position for up to 3 pulls of the recoil cord. Too much choke leads to spark plug fouling/engine flooding due to lack of incoming air. This will cause the engine not to start.

#### **P** NOTICE

For gasoline restarts with hot engine in hot ambient > 86°F (30°C), keep choke lever in 75% of the "CHOKE" position for only 1 pull of the recoil cord. After first pull, move choke lever to "RUN" position for up to 3 pulls of the recoil cord. Too much choke leads to spark plug fouling/engine flooding due to lack of incoming air. This will cause the engine not to start.

#### NOTICE

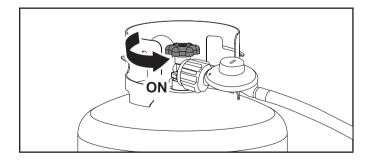
For gasoline starting in cold ambient temperature < 59°F (15°C), the choke lever must be in 100% of the "CHOKE" position for recoil cord procedures. Do not over-choke. As soon as engine starts, gradually move the choke lever to the "RUN" position over a 2-5 second duration.

#### **NOTICE**

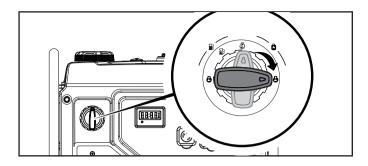
If the engine starts but does not run make certain that the generator is on a flat, level surface. The engine is equipped with a low oil sensor that will prevent the engine from running when the oil level falls below a critical threshold.

#### **Starting the Engine: Propane (LPG)**

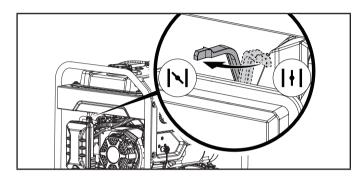
- 1. Make certain the generator is on a flat, level surface.
- Disconnect all electrical loads from the generator. Never start or stop the generator with electrical devices plugged in or turned on.
- 3. Connect LPG hose to generator and LPG cylinder. See "Add Fuel: Propane (LPG)" section of the manual.
- 4. Fully open the valve on the LPG cylinder.



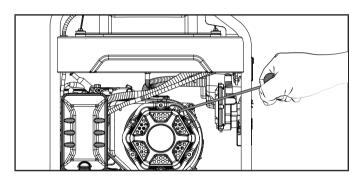
5. Turn fuel select dial to the "PROPANE RUN" position.



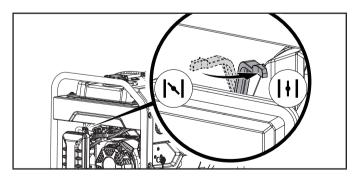
6. Move the choke lever to the "CHOKE" position.



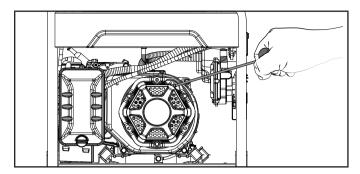
7. Pull the recoil cord 2 to 3 times.



8. Move the choke lever to the "RUN" position.



Pull the recoil cord slowly until resistance is felt and then pull rapidly.



- If engine fails to start in 1-pull with choke in the "RUN", then move choke lever to the "CHOKE" position and repeat the PULL-TO-PRIME step.
- 11. Do not over-choke. As soon as engine starts, move the choke lever to the "RUN" position over a 2-5 second duration.

#### NOTICE

If the engine starts but does not run make certain that the generator is on a flat, level surface. The engine is equipped with a low oil sensor that will prevent the engine from running when the oil level falls below a critical threshold.

#### NOTICE

Accumulation of frost on LPG cylinder and regulators is common during operation and normally is not an indication of a problem. As LPG vaporizes and travels from the cylinder to the generator engine it expands. The amount of frost that forms can be affected by the size of the cylinder, the amount of LPG being used, the humidity of the air and other operating conditions.

In unusual situations this frost may eventually restrict the flow of LPG to the generator resulting in deteriorating performance. For example, if the cylinder temperature is reduced to a very low level then the rate at which the LPG vaporizes is also reduced and may not provide sufficient flow to the engine. This is not an indication of a problem with the generator but only a problem with the flow of LPG from the cylinder. If generator performance seems to be deteriorating at the same time that ice formation is observed on tank valve, hose or regulator then some actions may be taken to eliminate this symptom.

In these rare situations it can be helpful to reduce or eliminate the cold fuel system effects by doing one of the following:

- Exchanging fuel cylinders to allow the first cylinder to warm up, repeating as necessary.
- Placing the cylinder at the end of the generator near the handle, where engine fan air flows out from the generator.
   This air is slightly heated by flowing over the engine. The cylinder should not be placed in the path of the muffler outlet.
- The cylinder can be temporarily warmed by pouring warm water over the top of the cylinder.

#### **Connecting Electrical Loads**

Let the engine stabilize and warm up for a few minutes after starting.

Plug in and turn on the desired 120 or 240 (if applicable) Volt AC single phase, 60 Hz electrical loads.

- D0 N0T connect 3-phase loads to the generator.
- DO NOT overload the generator.
- Use only a high quality, insulated, compatible (3-wire or 4-wire) grounded cord set rated equal to or greater (volts and amps) than the receptacle plugging into.

#### **A WARNING**

Always remember to plug your appliances directly into the generator and do not plug the generator power cord into any electrical outlet or connect to the circuit breaker panel in your home.

Connecting a generator to your home's electric utility company's power lines, or to another power source, called 'backfeeding' is a dangerous practice that is illegal in many localities.

In addition, this action if done incorrectly, could damage your generator, appliances and could cause serious injury or death to you or a utility worker attempting to restore power to the neighborhood who may unexpectedly encounter high voltage on the utility line and suffer a fatal shock. Further, whether injuries occur or not, you may be subject to fines or the utility company may disconnect your home should this practice be found in your home.

If the generator will be connected to a building electrical system, you are responsible for ensuring your generator's electricity does not backfeed into the electric utility power lines. These connections must isolate the generator power from the utility power – Consult your local utility company or a qualified electrician to properly install this connection.

#### **Do Not Overload Generator**

#### Capacity

Follow these simple steps to calculate the running and starting watts necessary for your purposes:

- 1. Select the electrical devices you plan on running at the same time.
- 2. Total the running watts of these items. This is the amount of power you need to keep your items running.
- Identify the highest starting wattage of all devices identified in step 1. Add this number to the number calculated in step 2. Starting wattage is the surge of power needed to start some electric driven equipment. Following the steps listed under "Power Management" will guarantee that only one device will be starting at a time.

#### **Power Management**

Use the following formula to convert voltage and amperage to watts:

Volts × Amps = Watts

To prolong the life of your generator and attached devices, follow these steps to add electrical load:

- 1. Start the generator with no electrical load attached.
- 2. Allow the engine to run for several minutes to get up to temperature.
- 3. Make sure all circuit breakers are set to the run position.
- 4. Plug in and turn on the first item. It is best to attach the item with the largest load first.
- 5. Allow the engine to stabilize.
- 6. Plug in and turn on the next item.
- 7. Allow the engine to stabilize.
- 8. Repeat steps 5-6 for each additional item.

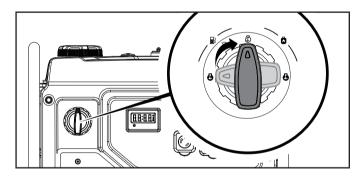
#### NOTICE

Never exceed the specified capacity when adding loads to the generator.

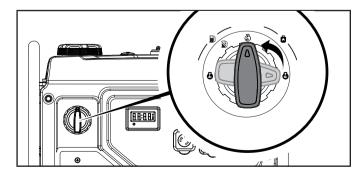
#### **Stopping the Engine**

- 1. Turn off and unplug all electrical loads. Never start or stop the generator with electrical devices plugged in or turned on.
- 2. Let generator run at no-load for several minutes to stabilize engine and alternator temperature.
- 3. Turn the fuel select dial to the "ENGINE STOP" position.

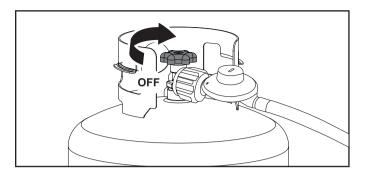
#### Gasoline



#### **Propane**



4. If operating on LPG, close valve on LPG cylinder.



#### **Moving the Generator**

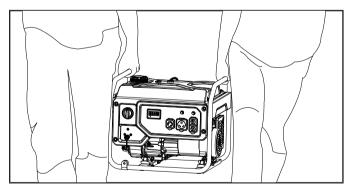
#### **A** CAUTION

- ALWAYS turn the generator off and ensure the fuel valve is closed.
- ALWAYS make sure engine and muffler are cooled down before the generator can be handled safely (typically 15-30 minutes).
- Do not drop or strike unit or place under heavy objects.

#### **A WARNING**

Failure to follow these instructions could result in personal injury or damage to the generator.

Lift unit up by the frame with 2 people and move to the desired location.



#### **Operation at High Altitude**

The density of air at high altitudes is lower than at sea level. Engine power is reduced as the air mass and air-fuel ratio decrease. Engine power and generator output will be reduced approximately 3½% for every 1000 ft. of elevation above sea level. At high altitudes increased exhaust emissions can also result due to the increased enrichment of the air fuel ratio. Other high altitude issues can include hard starting, increased fuel consumption and spark plug fouling.

To alleviate high altitude issues other than the natural power loss, CPE can provide a high altitude carburetor main jet. The alternative main jet and installation instructions can be obtained by contacting our Technical Support Team. Installation instructions are also available in the Technical Bulletin area of the CPE website.

The part number and recommended minimum altitude for the application of the high altitude carburetor main jet is listed in the following table.

In order to select the correct high altitude main jet it is necessary to identify the carburetor model. For this purpose, a code is stamped on the side of the carburetor. Select the correct high altitude jet part number corresponding to the carburetor code found on your particular carburetor.

Carb. Code	High Alt. Jet Part Number	Min. Altitude
	100005767	0-3280 ft.
		(0-1000 m)
100718260		Standard
	100005754	3281-9842.5 ft.
		(1000-3000 m)

#### **A WARNING**

Operation using the alternative main jet at elevations lower than the recommended minimum altitude can damage the engine. For operation at lower elevations, the originally supplied standard main jet must be used. Operating the engine with the wrong engine configuration at a given altitude may increase its emissions and decrease fuel efficiency and performance.

#### **MAINTENANCE**

Make certain that the generator is kept clean and stored properly. Only operate the unit on a flat, level surface in a clean, dry operating environment. DO NOT expose the unit to extreme conditions, excessive dust, dirt, moisture or corrosive vapors.

#### **A WARNING**

Never operate a damaged or defective generator.

#### **A WARNING**

Improper maintenance will void your warranty.

#### NOTICE

For Emission control devices and systems, read and understand your responsibilities for service as stated in the Emission Control Warranty Statement of this manual.

The owner/operator is responsible for all periodic maintenance.

Complete all scheduled maintenance in a timely manner.

Correct any issue before operating the generator.

For service or parts assistance, contact our Technical Support Team at 1-877-338-0999.

#### **Cleaning the Generator**

#### **A** CAUTION

DO NOT spray generator directly with water.

Water can enter the generator through the cooling slots and damage the generator windings. It can also contaminate the fuel system.

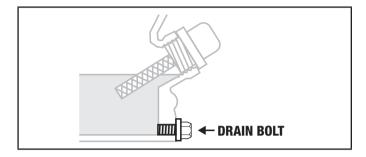
- 1. Use a damp cloth to clean exterior surfaces of the generator.
- 2. Use a soft bristle brush to remove dirt and oil.
- Use an air compressor (25 PSI) to clear dirt and debris from the generator.
- 4. Inspect all air vents and cooling slots to ensure that they are clean and unobstructed.

To prevent accidental starting, remove and ground the spark plug wire before performing any service.

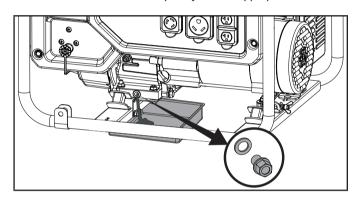
#### **Changing the Engine Oil**

Change oil when the engine is warm. Refer to the oil specification to select the proper grade for your operating environment.

1. Remove the oil drain bolt with a 10 mm socket (not included) and extension.



2. Allow the oil to drain completely into an appropriate container.



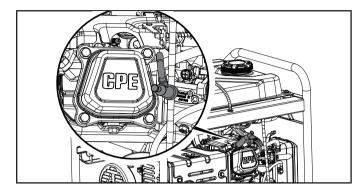
- 3. Replace the oil drain bolt.
- Add oil according to Add Engine Oil in Assembly section.
   DO NOT OVERFILL. Oil not included for routine maintenance.
- 5. Dispose of used oil at an approved waste management facility.

#### NOTICE

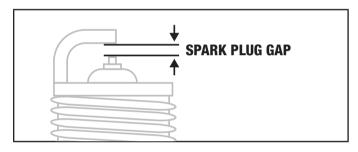
Once oil has been added, a visual check should show oil about 1-2 threads from running out of the fill hole. If using the dipstick to check oil level, DO NOT screw in the dipstick while checking.

#### **Cleaning and Adjusting the Spark Plug**

- 1. Remove the spark plug cable from the spark plug.
- Use a spark plug socket tool (not included), or a 13/16 in. (21 mm) socket (not included) to remove the plug.



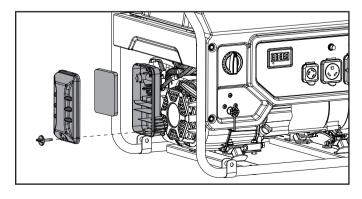
- 3. Inspect the electrode on the plug. It must be clean and not worn to produce the spark required for ignition.
- 4. Make certain the spark plug gap is 0.024-0.031 in. (0.6-0.8 mm).



- 5. Refer to the spark plug types in *Specifications* when replacing the plug.
- 6. Firmly re-install the plug.
- 7. Attach the spark plug cable to the spark plug.

#### **Cleaning the Air Filter**

 Remove the snap-on cover holding the air filter to the assembly.

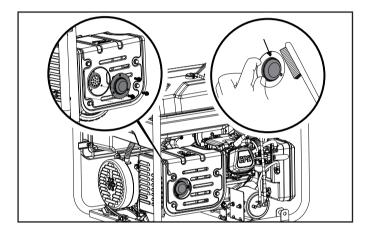


- 2. Remove the foam element.
- 3. Wash in liquid detergent and water. Squeeze thoroughly dry in a clean cloth.

- 4. Saturate in clean engine oil.
- 5. Squeeze in a clean, absorbent cloth to remove all excess oil.
- 6. Place the filter in the assembly.
- 7. Reattach the air filter cover and snap in place.

#### **Cleaning the Spark Arrestor**

- Allow the engine to cool completely before servicing the spark arrestor.
- 2. Remove the screws holding the cover plate which retains the spark arrestor to the muffler.
- 3. Remove the spark arrestor screen.
- 4. Carefully remove the carbon deposits from the spark arrestor screen with a wire brush.



- 5. Replace the spark arrestor if it is damaged.
- 6. Position the spark arrestor on the muffler and attach with the screws removed in step 2.

#### **A** CAUTION

Failure to clean the spark arrestor will result in poor engine performance.

#### NOTICE

Federal and local laws and administrative requirements indicate when and where spark arrestors are required. When ordered, spark arrestors are required for operation of this generator in National Forest lands. In California, this generator must not be used on any forest-covered land, brush-covered land, or grass-covered land unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrestor.

#### **Adjusting the Governor**

#### **A WARNING**

Tampering with the factory set governor will void your warranty.

The air-fuel mixture is not adjustable. Tampering with the governor can damage your generator and your electrical devices and will void your warranty. Contact our Technical Support Team at 1-877-338-0999 for all other service and/or adjustment needs.

#### **Maintenance Schedule**

Follow the service intervals indicated in the following maintenance schedule.

Service your generator more frequently when operating in adverse conditions.

Contact our Technical Support Team at 1-877-338-0999 to locate the nearest CPE certified service dealer for your generator or engine maintenance needs.

EVERY 8 HOURS OR PRIOR TO EACH USE
<ul> <li>□ Check oil level</li> <li>□ Clean around air intake and muffler</li> <li>□ Check propane (LPG) hose for leaks</li> </ul>
FIRST 5 HOURS (BREAK IN)
☐ Change oil
EVERY 50 HOURS OR ANNUALLY
<ul><li>□ Clean air filter</li><li>□ Change oil if operating under heavy load or in hot environments</li></ul>
EVERY 100 HOURS OR ANNUALLY
☐ Change oil
☐ Clean/adjust spark plug
☐ Clean spark arrestor
☐ Clean fuel valve filter*
EVERY 250 HOURS

Clean combustion chamber\*Check/adjust valve clearance\*

#### **EVERY 3 YEARS**

- ☐ Replace fuel line\*
- ☐ Replace LPG hose

#### **STORAGE**

#### **A** DANGER

Gasoline vapors are highly flammable and extremely explosive.

DO NOT light or smoke cigarettes. Fire or explosion can cause severe burns or death.

Only fill or drain fuel outdoors in a well-ventilated area. DO NOT pump gasoline directly into the generator. Use an approved container to transfer the fuel to the generator.

Never use a gasoline container, gasoline tank, or any other fuel item that is broken, cut, torn or damaged.

DO NOT overfill the gasoline tank. Always keep fuel away from sparks, open flames, pilot lights, heat and other sources of ignition.

#### **A WARNING**

To avoid accidental or unintended ignition of your generator during periods of storage, the following precautions should be followed:

 When storing the generator make sure the fuel select dial is set to the "ENGINE STOP" position.

#### **Short Term Storage (up to 30 days)**

Gasoline may gum up and clog the carburetor if the generator is not run or carburetor drained within 4 weeks.

- 1. Be sure all appliances are disconnected from the generator.
- 2. Start the generator as instructed in *Starting the Engine* section.
- 3. Turn the fuel select dial to the "GASOLINE OFF" position.
- 4. Let the engine run until fuel starvation has stopped the engine. This usually takes a few minutes.
- 5. Turn the fuel select dial to the "ENGINE STOP" position.

<sup>\*</sup>To be performed by knowledgeable, experienced owners or CPE certified service centers.

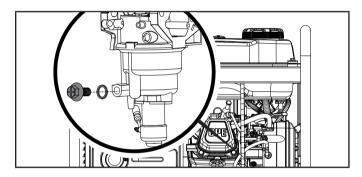
#### Mid Term Storage (30 days – 1 year)

Gasoline in the tank has a maximum shelf life of up to 1 year with the addition of a properly formulated fuel stabilizer and stored in a cool, dry place.

- 1. Be sure all appliances are disconnected from the generator.
- 2. Add a properly formulated fuel stabilizer to the gasoline tank.
- Start the generator as instructed in Starting the Engine section.
- 4. Run the generator for 10 minutes so the treated gasoline cycles through the fuel system.

#### 5. Option 1: Drain Gasoline from Carburetor

- 5a. Turn the fuel select dial to the "ENGINE STOP" position and allow generator to cool completely before continuing.
- 5b. Use the drain bolt on the carburetor to empty any excess gasoline from the carburetor into an appropriate container. Use a funnel (and appropriate hose if necessary) under the carburetor drain bolt to avoid spillage.



5c. When gasoline stops flowing from the carburetor, replace and tighten the carburetor drain bolt and be sure to properly dispose of the drained gasoline according to local regulations or guidelines.

#### 6. Option 2: Run Dry

- 6a. With the generator running, turn the fuel select dial to the "GASOLINE OFF" position and allow the generator to run until the engine stops from fuel starvation. This may take a few minutes.
- 6b. Turn the fuel select dial to the "ENGINE STOP" position and allow generator to cool completely before continuing.
- 7. Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug and pour about a tablespoon of oil into the cylinder.
- 8. Pull the recoil cord slowly to crank the engine to distribute the oil and lubricate the cylinder.
- 9. Install the spark plug and spark plug cap.
- 10. Clean the generator according to Cleaning the Generator.
- 11. Store the generator in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.

#### **Long Term Storage (over 1 year)**

For storage over 1 year, the gasoline tank and carburetor must be completely drained of gasoline.

- 1. The generator is to be OFF and all appliances disconnected.
- 2. Turn the fuel select dial to the "GASOLINE RUN" position.
- Use the drain bolt on the carburetor to empty any excess gasoline from the gasoline tank and carburetor into an appropriate container. Use a funnel (and appropriate hose if necessary) under the carburetor drain bolt to avoid spillage.
- 4. When gasoline stops flowing from the carburetor, replace and tighten the carburetor drain bolt and be sure to properly dispose of the drained gasoline according to local regulations or guidelines.
- 5. Turn the fuel select dial to the "ENGINE STOP" position.
- 6. Follow steps 7-11 according to Mid Term Storage.

#### **Removing from Storage**

#### NOTICE

If the generator has been improperly stored for a period longer than 30 days with ethanol blended gasoline in the gasoline tank and/or carburetor, all fuel must be drained and the carburetor must be thoroughly cleaned of ethanol build up. This process involves technically advanced tasks. For assistance please call our Technical Support Team at 1-877-338-0999.

If the gasoline tank and carburetor were properly emptied of all ethanol blended gasoline prior to the generator being stored, follow the below steps when removing from storage.

- 1. Be sure the fuel select dial is in the "ENGINE STOP" position.
- 2. Add gasoline to the generator according to *Add Fuel: Gasoline*.
- 3. Turn the fuel select dial to the "GASOLINE RUN" position.
- 4. After 5 minutes check the carburetor and air filter areas for any leaking gasoline. If any leaks are found, the carburetor will need to be disassembled and cleaned or replaced. If no gasoline leaks are found, turn the fuel select dial to the "ENGINE STOP" position.
- Check engine oil level and add clean, fresh oil if needed. SeeOil Specifications for proper oil type.
- Check and clear air filter of any obstructions such as bugs or cobwebs. If necessary, clean air filter according to Cleaning the Air Filter.
- 7. Start the engine. See Starting the Engine: Gasoline.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **Generator Specifications**

Generator Model	200970
Start Type	Manual
Watts (Starting/Running)	4550/3650
Watts (LPG) (Starting/Running)	4100/3285
AC Volts	120
AC Amps @ 120V (Running)	30.4
Frequency	60 Hz
Phase	Single
Grounding Type	Neutral Floating
Weight	110 lb. (50.0 kg)
Length	23.4 in. (59.5 cm)
Width	19.7 in. (50.0 cm)
Height	19.8 in. (50.2 cm)

#### **Engine Specifications**

Model	GB225M-2-C8
Displacement	224 cc
Туре	4-Stroke OHV
Spark Plug	
OEM Type	F6RTC
Replacement Type	NGK BPR6ES or equivalent
Gap	0.024-0.031 in. (0.6-0.8 mm)
Valve	
Intake Clearance	0.004-0.006 in. (0.10-0.15 mm)
Exhaust Clearance	0.006-0.008 in. (0.15-0.20 mm)

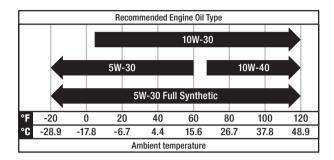
#### NOTICE

A technical bulletin regarding valve adjustment procedures is available at www.championpowerequipment.com.

#### **Oil Specifications**

DO NOT OVERFILL.





#### NOTICE

Temperature will affect engine oil and engine performance. Change the type of engine oil used based on temperature shown in the "Recommended Engine Oil Type" table.

#### **Fuel Specifications**

Use unleaded gasoline with a minimum octane rating of 87 and an ethanol content of 10% or less by volume. DO NOT USE E15 or E85. DO NOT OVERFILL.

Gasoline Capacity ....... 4.7 gal. (17.7 L)

#### Propane (LPG)

 Use only an approved LPG cylinder equipped with an OPD (overfilling prevention device) valve.

#### **Temperature Specifications**

Starting Temperature Range (°F/°C) . . . . . . . 5 to 104/-15 to 40

#### NOTICE

An important message about temperature: Your product is designed and rated for continuous operation at ambient temperatures up to 104°F (40°C). When needed, it may be operated at temperatures ranging from 5°F (-15°C) to 122°F (50°C) for short periods of time. If exposed to temperatures outside this range during storage, it should be brought back within this range before operation. In any event, the product must always be operated outdoors, in a well-ventilated area and away from doors, windows and vents.

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Problem	Cause	Solution
Engine will not start.	No fuel.	Add fuel.
	Faulty spark plug.	Clean and adjust spark plug or replace.
	Low oil level.	Fill crankcase to the proper level.
		Place generator on a flat, level surface.
	Spark plug wire loose.	Attach wire to spark plug.
	Fuel select dial OFF.	Press fuel select dial ON.
	Old fuel or water in fuel.	Drain fuel and replace with fresh fuel.
	Flooded with fuel.	Let unit stand for 10 mins.
	CO Shield® module has been removed or tampered with.	Re-install module or contact technical support.
Engine starts but runs roughly.	Choke lever in the wrong position.	Move choke lever until it stops under RUN position or push in completely.
	Dirty air filter.	Clean or replace air filter.
	Clogged spark arrestor.	Clean spark arrestor.
	Out of fuel.	Fill fuel tank.
Engine shuts down during operation.	Low oil level.	Fill crankcase to the proper level. Place generator on a flat, level surface.
	If equipped, CO Shield® shutoff due to accumulating carbon monoxide if the red LED light blinks on the panel.	Move generator to an open, outdoor area. Point exhaust away from people and buildings. Move to fresh air and get medical help if sick, dizzy, or weak.
	If equipped, CO Shield® shutoff due system fault if the yellow LED light blinks on the panel.	Start to confirm yellow LED light blinks when/if generator shuts off. If CO Shield® continues sense the fault and shuts off, contact technical support.
	Clogged spark arrestor.	Clean spark arrestor.
Engine starts and shuts off right away.	If equipped, CO Shield® shutoff due to accumulating carbon monoxide if the red LED light blinks on the panel.	Move generator to an open, outdoor area. Point exhaust away from people and buildings. Move to fresh air and get medical help if sick, dizzy, or weak.
	If equipped, CO Shield® shutoff due system fault if the yellow LED light blinks on the panel.	Start to confirm yellow LED light blinks when/if generator shuts off. If CO Shield® continues sense the fault and shuts off, contact technical support.
Both CO Shield® LEDs not blinking 10 times upon start up.	Starting the generator within 1 minute after being manually shutoff, not a CO shutoff event.	Wait 1 minute before trying to restart the generator. The LEDs should then blink ten (10) times.
Generator cannot supply enough power or overheating.	Generator is overloaded.	Review load and adjust. See "Connecting Electrical Loads."
	Dirty air filter.	Clean or replace air filter.
	Choke lever in wrong position.	Move choke lever until it stops under RUN position or push in completely.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Engine is running but no AC output.	Poor cord connection.	Check all connections.
	Circuit breaker is open.	Reset circuit breaker. Check all circuit breakers.
	Faulty brush assembly.	Replace brush assembly (Service Center).
	Faulty AVR (auto voltage regulator).	Replace AVR (Service Center).
	Loose wiring.	Inspect and tighten wiring connections.
	Other.	Contact the help line.
Engine hunts or falters.	Engine governor defective.	Contact the help line.
	Carburetor is dirty and running lean.	Contact the help line.
	Choke lever in wrong position.	Move choke lever until it stops under RUN position or push in completely.
Repeated circuit breaker tripping.	Overload.	Review load and adjust. See "Connecting Electrical Loads."
	Faulty power cords or device.	Check for damaged, bare or frayed wires. Replace defective device.
	Circuit breaker still too hot.	Let unit sit for 5 mins.

#### For other issues and technical support:

Technical Support Team
Toll Free 1-877-338-0999
support@championpowerequipment.com

#### **WARRANTY\***

CHAMPION POWER EQUIPMENT 3 YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

#### **Warranty Qualifications**

To register your product for warranty and FREE lifetime call center technical support please visit:

#### https://www.championpowerequipment.com/register

To complete registration you will need to include a copy of the purchase receipt as proof of original purchase. Proof of purchase is required for warranty service. Please register within ten (10) days from date of purchase.

#### **Repair/Replacement Warranty**

CPE warrants to the original purchaser that the mechanical and electrical components will be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of three years (parts and labor) from the original date of purchase and 270 days (parts and labor) for commercial and industrial use. Transportation charges on product submitted for repair or replacement under this warranty are the sole responsibility of the purchaser. This warranty only applies to the original purchaser and is not transferable.

# Do Not Return The Unit To The Place Of Purchase

Contact CPE's Technical Service and CPE will troubleshoot any issue via phone or e-mail. If the problem is not corrected by this method, CPE will, at its option, authorize evaluation, repair or replacement of the defective part or component at a CPE Service Center. CPE will provide you with a case number for warranty service. Please keep it for future reference. Repairs or replacements without prior authorization, or at an unauthorized repair facility, will not be covered by this warranty.

#### **Warranty Exclusions**

This warranty does not cover the following repairs and equipment:

#### **Normal Wear**

Products with mechanical and electrical components need periodic parts and service to perform well. This warranty does not cover repair when normal use has exhausted the life of a part or the equipment as a whole.

#### Installation, Use and Maintenance

This warranty will not apply to parts and/or labor if the product is deemed to have been misused, neglected, involved in an accident, abused, loaded beyond the product's limits, modified, installed improperly or connected incorrectly to any electrical component. Normal maintenance is not covered by this warranty and is not required to be performed at a facility or by a person authorized by CPE.

#### **Other Exclusions**

This warranty excludes:

- Cosmetic defects such as paint, decals, etc.
- Wear items such as filter elements, o-rings, etc.
- Accessory parts such as starting batteries, and storage covers.
- Failures due to acts of God and other force majeure events beyond the manufacturer's control.
- Problems caused by parts that are not original Champion Power Equipment parts.

When applicable, this warranty does not apply to products used for prime power in place of a utility.

#### Limits of Implied Warranty and Consequential Damage

Champion Power Equipment disclaims any obligation to cover any loss of time, use of this product, freight, or any incidental or consequential claim by anyone from using this product.

THIS WARRANTY AND THE ATTACHED U.S. EPA and/or CARB EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTIES (WHEN APPLICABLE) ARE IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICUL AR PURPOSE.

A unit provided as an exchange will be subject to the warranty of the original unit. The length of the warranty governing the exchanged unit will remain calculated by reference to the purchase date of the original unit.

This warranty gives you certain legal rights which may change from state to state or province to province. Your state or province may also have other rights you may be entitled to that are not listed within this warranty.

#### **Contact Information**

#### **Address**

Champion Power Equipment, Inc. 12039 Smith Ave. Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 USA www.championpowerequipment.com

#### **Customer Service**

Toll Free: 1-877-338-0999

info@championpowerequipment.com

Fax no.: 1-562-236-9429

#### **Technical Service**

Toll Free: 1-877-338-0999

tech@championpowerequipment.com

● EMERGENCY 24 HOUR SUPPORT: 1-562-204-1188

<sup>\*</sup>Except as otherwise stipulated in any of the following enclosed Emission Control System Warranties (when applicable) for the Emission Control System: U.S. Environment Protection Agency (EPA) and/or California Air Resources Board (CARB). Whichever warranty applies for the longer period, either this 3 year limited warranty or the applicable Emission Control System Warranty, shall supersede the other.

# GARANTÍA DEL SISTEMA DE CONTROL DE EMISIONES DE CHAMPION POWER EQUIPMENT, INC. (CPE), LA AGENCIA DE PROTECCIÓN MEDIOAMBIENTAL DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS (EPA DE EE. UU.), Y LA JUNTA DE RECURSOS DEL AIRE DE CALIFORNIA (CARB)

Su motor de Champion Power Equipment (CPE) cumple con regulaciones sobre emisiones de emisiones de escape y de evaporación de EPA de EE.UU. y de la Junta de Recursos del Aire del estado de California (CARB).

#### SUS DERECHOS Y OBLIGACIONES RESPECTO DE LA GARANTÍA:

La US EPA, La Junta de Recursos del Aire de California y CPE se complacen en explicarles la Garantía de los Sistemas de Control de Emisiones de Escape y de Evaporación Federal y de California en su pequeño motor de 2023 para uso fuera de carretera (SORE) y en el equipo motorizado. En California, los equipos nuevos que utilizan motores pequeños para uso fuera de carretera (SORE) deben ser diseñados, fabricados y equipados para cumplir con las estrictas normas estatales contra la contaminación.

El CPE debe garantizar el sistema de control de emisiones y de evaporación en su pequeño motor para uso fuera de carretera (SORE) durante el período que indicado a continuación, siempre que no se haya cometido abuso, negligencia, modificación no aprobada o mantenimiento inadecuado del equipo, que averiará el sistema de control de emisiones de escape y de evaporación.

Su sistema de control de emisiones de evaporación puede incluir piezas como: carburadores, depósitos de combustible, tubos de combustible (para combustible líquido y vapores de combustible), tapas de combustible, válvulas, depósitos, filtros, abrazaderas, conectores y otros componentes relacionados. Además, se incluye para su sistema de control de emisiones de escape, un sistema de inyección de combustible, un sistema de encendido, un convertidor catalítico y otros ensamblajes relacionados con las emisiones de escape. Cuando se produzca un problema cubierto por la garantía, CPE reparará su pequeño motor para uso fuera de carretera (SORE) sin coste para usted, incluyendo el diagnóstico, las piezas y la mano de obra.

#### **COBERTURA DE LA GARANTÍA DEL FABRICANTE:**

Este sistema de control de emisiones de evaporación y escape tiene una garantía de dos años. Si alguna pieza relacionada con las emisiones de escape y evaporación en su motor o equipo es defectuosa, será reparada o reemplazada por CPE.

#### RESPONSABILIDADES DEL PROPIETARIO DE LA GARANTÍA:

Como propietario del motor pequeño para uso fuera de carretera (SORE), es responsable de realizar el mantenimiento necesario indicado en su Manual del propietario. CPE recomienda conservar todos sus recibos por trabajos de mantenimiento de su pequeño motor para uso fuera de carretera (SORE), pero CPE no puede negar la cobertura de la garantía únicamente por no presentar los recibos.

Como propietario del motor pequeño para uso fuera de carretera (SORE), debe tener en cuenta que CPE puede negar la cobertura de la garantía si su motor pequeño para uso fuera de carretera (SORE) o una pieza se ha averiado debido a abuso, negligencia, mantenimiento inadecuado o modificaciones no autorizadas.

Usted es responsable de llevar su motor pequeño para uso fuera de la carretera a un centro de distribución, centro de servicio o un centro de servicio autorizado de CPE como se describe en (3)(f) a continuación o al distribuidor de CPE o a CPE, Santa Fe Springs, CA. desde que surja el problema. Las reparaciones en garantía se realizarán en un tiempo razonable, no excediendo los 30 días.

Si tiene alguna cuestión sobre la cobertura de su garantía, contacte con:

Champion Power Equipment, Inc.
Servicio al Cliente
12039 Smith Ave.
Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670
1-877-338-0999
tech@championpowerequipment.com

#### GARANTÍA DEL SISTEMA DE EMISIONES DE ESCAPE Y EVAPORACIÓN

A continuación, se presentan las cláusulas específicas relacionadas con la cobertura de la garantía del sistema de control de emisiones de escape y Evaporación (ECS).

1. APLICABILIDAD: Esta garantía se aplica a modelos del año 1995 y posteriores de motores pequeños de California (SORE) (para otros estados, modelos de motor de 1997 y posteriores). El Período de garantía de ECS comienza en la fecha de entrega al comprador final del nuevo motor o equipo, y se extiende por 24 meses consecutivos a partir de tal fecha.

#### 2. COBERTURA GENERAL DE GARANTÍA DE EMISIONES

CPE garantiza al comprador final del nuevo motor o equipo y a los compradores posteriores, que cada uno de sus pequeños motores para uso fuera de carretera (SORE):

- 2a. Ha sido diseñado, fabricado y equipado para cumplir con los estándares de emisiones de la EPA de EE. UU. para motores de encendido por chispa de 19 kilovatios o menos, y con todas las regulaciones aplicables adoptadas por la Junta de Recursos del Aire de California.
- 2b. Está libre de defectos en los materiales y mano de obra que provoquen averías en piezas garantizadas idénticas en todos los aspectos materiales a la pieza descrita en la solicitud de certificación del fabricante del motor por un período de dos años.

## 3. LA GARANTÍA SOBRE LAS PIEZAS RELACIONADAS CON LAS EMISIONES DE ESCAPE Y EVAPORACIÓN SE INTERPRETARÁN DE LA SIGUIENTE MANERA:

- 3a. Cualquier pieza en garantía que no tenga programado su reemplazo como parte del mantenimiento requerido en el Manual del propietario, deberá estar garantizada durante el Período de Garantía de ECS. Si alguna de estas piezas se avería durante el Período de Garantía de ECS, debe ser reparada y reemplazada por CPE de acuerdo con la subsección "d" siguiente. Cualquier pieza reparada o reemplazada bajo la Garantía de ECS estará garantizada por el resto del Período de Garantía de ECS.
- 3b. Cualquier pieza en garantía relacionada con las emisiones de escape y evaporación que tenga programado su reemplazo solo para una inspección regular según se especifica en el Manual del Propietario, deberá estar en garantía por el Período de Garantía de ECS. Una declaración en dichas instrucciones escritas a efectos de "reparar o reemplazar según sea necesario", no reducirá el Período de Garantía de ECS. Cualquier pieza reparada o reemplazada bajo la Garantía de ECS estará garantizada por el resto del Período de Garantía de ECS.
- 3c. Cualquier pieza en garantía relacionada con las emisiones de escape y evaporación que tenga programado su reemplazo según el mantenimiento requerido en el Manual del propietario, deberá estar en garantía durante el período de tiempo anterior al primer reemplazo programado de esa pieza. Si la pieza se avería antes del primer recambio programado, CPE la reparará o reemplazará de acuerdo con la subsección "d" siguiente. Cualquier pieza relacionada con las emisiones de escape y evaporación, reparada o reemplazada bajo la Garantía de ECS, deberá estar en garantía durante el resto del Período de Garantía de ECS antes del primer reemplazo programado para tal pieza relacionada con las emisiones.
- 3d. La reparación o reemplazo de cualquier pieza en garantía relacionada con las emisiones de escape y de evaporación según esta Garantía de ECS se realizará en un Centro de Servicio Autorizado de CPE sin cargo para el propietario.
- 3e. El propietario no deberá abonar ningún cargo por el trabajo de diagnóstico que determine que una pieza cubierta por la Garantía de ECS es defectuosa, siempre que dicho diagnóstico se realice en un Punto de Servicio Autorizado de CPE.
- 3f. CPE se hará cargo de las reparaciones cubiertas por la garantía de emisiones de escape y evaporación en los centros de servicio no autorizados en las siguientes circunstancias:
  - i. El servicio es requerido en un centro poblacional con una población de más de 100,000 habitantes según el Censo de 2000 de EE. UU., que no tenga un Centro de Servicio Autorizado de CPE Y
  - ii. El servicio es requerido a más de 100 millas de un centro de servicio autorizado de CPE. El límite de 100 millas no se aplica en los siguientes estados: Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, Nuevo México, Oregón, Texas, Utah y Wyoming.
- 3g. CPE será responsable de los daños a otros componentes originales del motor o de las modificaciones aprobadas provocadas por el fallo de una pieza relacionada con las emisiones que esté cubierta por la Garantía de ECS.
- 3h. Durante el período de garantía de ECS, el CPE debe mantener un suministro suficiente de piezas relacionadas con las emisiones de escape y evaporación que estén en garantía para satisfacer la demanda esperada de estas piezas relacionadas con las emisiones de escape y evaporación.
- 3i. Cualquier pieza de repuesto relacionada con las emisiones de escape y evaporación autorizada y aprobada por CPE se puede utilizar para el mantenimiento o reparación con garantía de ECS y se suministrará sin cargo al propietario. Tal uso no reduce la obligación de garantía de CPE.

3j. Las partes adicionales o modificadas no aprobadas no se pueden utilizar para modificar o reparar un motor de CPE. Dicho uso anula esta Garantía de ECS y supondrá motivo suficiente para rechazar una reclamación de Garantía de ECS. CPE no será responsable según este documento por las averías de cualquier pieza en garantía de un motor de CPE provocada por el uso de dicha pieza adicional o modificada no aprobada.

# LAS PIEZAS RELACIONADAS CON LAS EMISIONES INCLUYEN LAS SIGUIENTE: (SEGÚN LAS PARTES DE LA LISTA APLICABLES AL MOTOR)

Sistemas cubiertos por esta garantía	Descripción de piezas	
Sistema de medición de combustible	Carburador y piezas internas (y/o regulador de presión o sistema de inyección de combustible), Sistema de retroalimentación y control de la relación aire/combustible, Sistema de enriquecimiento de arranque en frío.	
Sistema de inducción de aire	Sistema de admisión de aire caliente controlado, Colector de admisión, Filtro de aire.	
Sistema de encendido	Bujías de encendido, Sistema de encendido por magneto o electrónico, Sistema de avance/retardo de chispa.	
Sistema de recirculación de gases de escape (EGR)	Cuerpo de válvula de EGR y espaciador del carburador, si se aplica, Sistema de retroalimentación y control de velocidad EGR.	
Sistema de inyección de aire	Bomba de aire o válvula de pulso, Válvulas que afectan a la distribución del flujo, Colector de distribución.	
Sistema de catalizador o reactor térmico	Convertidor catalítico, Reactor térmico, Colector de escape.	
Control de partículas	Trampas, filtros, precipitadores y cualquier otro dispositivo utilizado para capturar las emisiones de partículas.	
Artículos diversos utilizados en los sistemas anteriores	Válvulas e interruptores sensibles al vacío, temperatura y tiempo, Controles electrónicos, Mangueras, correas, conectores y ensamblajes.	
Controles de evaporación	Tapón de combustible, Tubos de combustible (para combustible líquido y vapores de combustible, Conexiones de tubos de combustible, Abrazaderas, Válvulas de alivio de presión, Válvulas de control, Solenoides de control, Controles electrónicos, Diafragmas de control de vacío, Cables de control, Conexiones de control, Válvulas de purga, Juntas, Separador de líquido/vapor, Filtro de carbono, Soportes de montaje del filtro, Conector del puerto de purga del carburador.	

#### PARA OBTENER EL SERVICIO DE GARANTÍA:

Debe llevar su motor de CPE o el producto en el que está instalado, junto con su tarjeta de registro de garantía u otra prueba de la fecha de compra original a su cargo, a cualquier distribuidor de Champion Power Equipment autorizado por Champion Power Equipment, Inc. para vender y prestar servicio a tal producto de CPE durante su horario de trabajo. Las localizaciones alternativas de servicio definidas en la Sección (3)(f) anterior, deben ser aprobadas por CPE antes del servicio. No se denegarán las reclamaciones por reparaciones o ajustes provocados únicamente por defectos en el material o mano de obra provocados por el mantenimiento o uso incorrecto del motor.

Si tiene alguna cuestión sobre sus derechos y responsabilidades de garantía, o para obtener servicio de garantía, comuníquese con el Servicio al Cliente de Champion Power Equipment, Inc.

**Champion Power Equipment, Inc.** 

12039 Smith Ave. Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670 1-877-338-0999

Attn.: Atención al Cliente tech@championpowerequipment.com